SENATOR BOB DOLE
REMARKS
ECONOMIC STRATEGY INSTITUTE

THANK YOU. IT'S A
PRIVILEGE TO BE HERE THIS
EVENING AND TO SHARE SOME
THOUGHTS WITH THIS VERY
DISTINGUISHED GATHERING.

I DO WANT TO BEGIN BY CONGRATULATING YOU ON HOW FAR YOU'VE COME SINCE I SPOKE AT YOUR FOUNDING DINNER A FEW YEARS BACK. RELATIVELY SHORT TIME, YOU HAVE EARNED A REPUTATION AS THE NUMBER ONE "THINK TANK" IN THE COUNTRY ON TRADE AND INTERNATIONAL

COMPETITIVENESS ISSUES.

AND THIS EVENING, I'VE
BEEN ASKED TO SHARE A FEW
THOUGHTS WITH YOU ON THOSE
ISSUES.

AS YOU KNOW, THE COMING
MONTHS WILL FEATURE A SERIES
OF COMMEMORATIONS MARKING

THE 50TH ANNIVERSARIES OF THE CONCLUDING EVENTS OF WORLD WAR II.

WORTHWHILE TO NOTE THAT IN ADDITION TO THE VALOR OF THE TROOPS, IT WAS THE INGENUITY AND PRODUCTIVITY OF AMERICAN LABOR AND INDUSTRY THAT

PROVIDED THE TECHNOLOGICAL SUPERIORITY AND THE INDUSTRIAL LEADERSHIP THAT MADE VICTORY POSSIBLE.

THE SOVIET UNION WAS NOT DEFEATED IN THE COLD WAR BECAUSE OF A SHORTAGE OF TROOPS OR MISSILES OR NUCLEAR BOMBS. IT WAS

DEFEATED IN THE END BECAUSE IT COULD NOT COMPETE ECONOMICALLY, IT COULD NOT KEEP UP IN TECHNOLOGY, IN INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTIVITY, AND IN DEVELOPMENT AND PROVISION OF NEW, SOPHISTICATED SERVICES.

MOREOVER, THE SOVIET

UNION WAS NOT DEFEATED BECAUSE ITS ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE WAS BAD IN AN **ABSOLUTE SENSE. THE AVERAGE** RUSSIAN WAS MATERIALLY **BETTER OFF IN 1989 THAN IN 1929** OR 1959. BUT RELATIVELY THE SOVIET UNION COULD NOT KEEP PACE WITH THE WEST. AND BECAUSE IT COULD NOT, IT

EVENTUALLY COLLAPSED.

THE GENERATION OF WORLD WAR II KNEW WHAT IT WAS FIGHTING FOR -IT WAS FIGHTING TO KEEP THE AMERICAN PROMISE. TO OFFER HAVEN AND REFUGE, HOPE AND OPPORTUNITY, AND THE CHANCE FOR A BETTER LIFE FOR ITS CHILDREN AND FOR THEIR CHILDREN.

THAT IS WHY I AM DEEPLY
DISTURBED TODAY WHEN I HEAR
OUR YOUNG PEOPLE EXPRESS
DOUBT ABOUT THEIR FUTURE,
AND CYNICISM ABOUT AMERICA'S
PROMISE.

IT IS NOT THAT THEIR CONCERNS ARE ENTIRELY UNJUSTIFIED. WITH THE DOLLAR AT A QUARTER OF ITS 1950 VALUE, THE NATIONAL DEBT RISING OUT OF CONTROL, REAL WAGES STAGNANT OR FALLING FOR TWENTY YEARS, A CHRONIC \$150-160 BILLION TRADE DEFICIT, SCHOOLS THAT DON'T EDUCATE, STREETS THAT ARE NOT SAFE,
AND A WIDENING GAP BETWEEN
RICH AND POOR, AMERICA'S
PERFORMANCE DOES NOT BODE
WELL FOR THE FUTURE.

THIS IS NOT WHAT I AND MY GENERATION FOUGHT FOR. WHAT A TRAGEDY IT WOULD BE IF, HAVING WON THE COLD WAR,

AMERICA LOST ITS OWN WAY AND FAILED TO KEEP ITS PROMISE IN THE NEW CENTURY.

TO PARAPHRASE GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR ECONOMIC LEADERSHIP. IF WE ARE TO PROVIDE TO OUR CHILDREN THE OPPORTUNITY THAT WE HAD,

AMERICA MUST REMAIN AT THE FOREFRONT IN INDUSTRY, TECHNOLOGY, COMMERCE, AND FINANCE.

SOME ECONOMISTS SAY,
"POTATO CHIPS, COMPUTER
CHIPS, WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE,
THEY'RE ALL CHIPS." BY THIS,
THEY MEAN TO SAY IT DOESN'T

MATTER WHAT INDUSTRY WE ARE
IN OR WHAT WE PRODUCE.

I SAY THIS IS A FALSE
CHOICE. AMERICA CAN AND
SHOULD BE THE UNDISPUTED
LEADER IN TECHNOLOGICAL AND
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION -- AND
THAT INCLUDES MAKING BOTH
THE MOST ADVANCED,

POWERFUL COMPUTER CHIPS IN THE WORLD AND, FOR THAT MATTER, THE BEST-TASTING POTATO CHIPS. AFTER ALL, WE INVENTED BOTH OF THESE CHIPS.

TO BE COMPETITIVE, TO MAINTAIN INDUSTRIAL AND TECHNOLOGICAL LEADERSHIP, MANY CHANGES MUST BE MADE

IN OUR DOMESTIC POLICIES. WE ARE NOW MOVING IN THE **CONGRESS TO GET THE BUDGET** DEFICIT UNDER CONTROL, TO RAISE U.S. SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT RATES, TO REDUCE **UNNECESSARY REGULATION, AND** TO GET RID OF FRIVOLOUS LAWSUITS AND THE ENORMOUS AND UNNECESSARY LEGAL COST OF DOING BUSINESS IN THIS COUNTRY.

ALL THESE STEPS AND OTHERS WILL BUILD THE FOUNDATION FOR A COMPETITIVE AMERICA IN THE 21ST CENTURY.

BUT IN A GLOBAL ECONOMY,
WE CANNOT BE COMPETITIVE

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UNLESS THE CONDITIONS OF GLOBALIZATION ENABLE AMERICAN BUSINESS TO FULLY EXPLOIT THEIR ABILITY IN THE WORLD'S MAJOR MARKETS.

SINCE THE END OF WORLD
WAR II, THE UNITED STATES HAS
ACCEPTED THAT ITS MARKETS
WOULD BE MORE OPEN THAN ALL

OF ITS TRADING PARTNERS. IN RECENT YEARS, WE HAVE FOUND OURSELVES WITH A CHRONIC TRADE DEFICIT OF \$150-160 BILLION AND A FALLING DOLLAR.

SOME OF THE TRADE DEFICIT
IS DUE TO OUR LOW SAVINGS
RATE AND LARGE BUDGET
DEFICITS. BUT SOME OF THE

TRADE DEFICIT IS ALSO DUE TO THE FACT THAT MANY MARKETS, PARTICULARLY IN THE PACIFIC REGION, REMAIN CLOSED TO U.S. EXPORTS AND INVESTMENT.

OVER THE LAST SEVERAL
YEARS, WE HAVE TRIED TO LEVEL
THE PLAYING FIELD WITH THE
NAFTA AND URUGUAY ROUND

AGREEMENTS. I THINK THEY ARE BOTH STEPS IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION, BUT I WAS CONCERNED THAT IN NEGOTIATING THE URUGUAY ROUND AGREEMENT THE CLINTON ADMINISTRATION DID NOT DO ENOUGH TO PROTECT U.S. SOVEREIGNTY.

THE UNITED STATES IS THE WORLD'S ONLY ECONOMIC, POLITICAL AND MILITARY SUPERPOWER. IT SHOULD NOT BE REDUCED TO THE LEVEL OF THE SMALLEST DEVELOPING COUNTRY, AND IT SHOULD NOT ALLOW ITS LAWS TO BE UNDERMINED, OR EVEN UNFAIRLY NIT-PICKED, BY AN

INTERNATIONAL BODY.

AS WE HAVE SEEN IN THE UNITED NATIONS' PERFORMANCE THIS YEAR, INTERNATIONAL **BODIES CANNOT BE DEPENDED UPON FOR SWIFT AND EFFECTIVE** ACTION. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION IS FINE, BUT THE **UNITED STATES MUST RETAIN ITS** INDEPENDENCE.

TO ENSURE THAT THE WTO DOES NOT EXCESSIVELY TREAD UPON AMERICA'S LEGITIMATE RIGHTS, I SUPPORTED THE URUGUAY ROUND ONLY AFTER THE CLINTON ADMINISTRATION ADDRESSED MY CONCERNS BY AGREEING TO THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A DISPUTE SETTLEMENT REVIEW

COMMISSION TO REVIEW DECISIONS OF THE NEW WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION OR WTO.

IF THE U.S. IS WRONGLY TRAMMELED UPON THREE TIMES, THE CONGRESS CAN VOTE TO LEAVE THE WTO.

CHAIRMAN PACKWOOD HAS
TOLD ME WE WILL HAVE A

HEARING IN THE FINANCE COMMITTEE ON THIS LEGISLATION IN EARLY MAY. I HOPE THE COMMISSION WILL BE UP AND RUNNING BY THE TIME THE WTO ISSUES ITS FIRST **RULING. THIS WILL ENSURE THAT** U.S. LAWS CANNOT AND WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO THE WHIMS OF INTERNATIONAL

BUREAUCRATS.

AS I LOOK OUT OVER THE NEXT SEVERAL YEARS, I AM CONCERNED ABOUT THE LIKELY TRENDS IN OUR TRADE. WITH EUROPE, OUR TRADE AND INVESTMENT PATTERNS FLUCTUATE MORE OR LESS AS THE TEXTBOOKS SAY THEY SHOULD. WHEN THE DOLLAR IS STRONG AND EUROPE IS IN RECESSION, WE RUN A \$20 BILLION TRADE DEFICIT AND WHEN THE DOLLAR IS WEAK AND EUROPE IS GROWING, WE RUN A \$20 BILLION TRADE SURPLUS.

WITH MEXICO, WE ARE BOUND TO START RUNNING

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TRADE DEFICITS. IN FACT, THE MOST RECENT NUMBERS SHOW THE START OF SUCH DEFICITS. OUR MEXICAN TRADE WAS IN SURPLUS UNTIL THIS YEAR, BUT GIVEN THE CRISIS IN MEXICO, WE WILL HAVE TO RUN A TRADE DEFICIT IN ORDER TO BAIL THE MEXICANS OUT.

AS THIS HAPPENS, OUR TRADE DEFICIT IN ASIA SEEMS **BOUND TO RISE. DESPITE MORE** THAN A HALVING OF THE VALUE OF THE DOLLAR VERSUS THE YEN, OUR TRADE DEFICIT WITH JAPAN REMAINS VERY HIGH, AND OUR DEFICIT WITH CHINA IS **GROWING AT 40% PER YEAR AND** WILL PROBABLY TOP THE DEFICIT

WITH JAPAN IN 2-3 YEARS.

THIS IS NOT A VIABLE
SITUATION. I BELIEVE WE
SHOULD CONSIDER THREE
STEPS:

1. INITIATION OF DISCUSSIONS
OF A CLOSER ECONOMIC
RELATIONSHIP WITH

EUROPE. WHILE WE CONTINUE TO HAVE TRADE DIFFERENCES AND DISPUTES WITH THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY, THE EUROPEAN **ECONOMY REMAINS SIMILAR** TO OURS IN TERMS OF BASIC PHILOSOPHY AND MODE OF OPERATION. FURTHER INTEGRATION OF THE U.S. AND EUROPEAN ECONOMIES
COULD HAPPEN FASTER
THAN THOSE OF APEC,
WHICH HAVE JUST AGREED
TO ACHIEVE FREE TRADE BY
THE YEAR 2020.

2. USE OF THE G-7 AS A BODY
TO BEGIN ADDRESSING
ISSUES SUCH AS ANTI-TRUST

R E G U L A T I O N S,
ADMINISTRATIVE GUIDANCE,
AND OTHER STRUCTURAL
PROBLEMS THAT ARE
INCREASINGLY THE REAL
BARRIERS TO TRADE.

3. A COMPLETE REVIEW OF THE
NATURE OF OUR ECONOMIC
RELATIONS IN THE ASIA-

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PACIFIC REGION AND DEVELOPMENT OF POLICY TO ELIMINATE OUR STRUCTURAL TRADE DEFICIT IN THIS AREA.

THROUGH THESE STEPS, AND
OTHERS--INCLUDING, OF COURSE,
TAKING MEANINGFUL ACTION TO
REDUCE AMERICA'S STAGGERING

NATIONAL DEBT---I BELIEVE WE CAN ENSURE THAT THE PROMISE OF AMERICA WILL ENDURE STRONGER THAN EVER.

A G A I N , M Y
CONGRATULATIONS ON THE
SUCCESS OF THE ECONOMIC
STRATEGY INSTITUTE. MAY THE
REMAINING YEARS OF THIS

DECADE BE AS SUCCESSFUL AS THE PREVIOUS ONES.