

ABC NATIONAL GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS DIVISION

LOBBYING TIPS

THE 1991 BUDGET/DAVIS-

THE BALANCED BUDGET AMENDMENT

CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1990 KENNEDY/HAWKINSH.R. 4000/2104

This legislation has been packaged as merely reversing a series of civil rights rulings handed down by the U.S. Supreme Court last summer. In reality it would do far more. It mandates the most sweeping changes in employment discrimination law since the 1972 amendments to Title VII of the Civil Rights Act.

1 . . .

CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

CONSTRUCTION SAFETY/ OSHA EXPANSION

GETTING AROUND CAPITOL HILL

CONSTRUCTION CREDIT CRUNCH

MANDATED PARENTAL AND MEDICAL LEAVE

PROVISIONS:

- 12 Weeks Leave Per Year Per Employee
- Leave for New Child, Sick Child, Sick Parent or Personal Illness
- Employer Guarantees Same Job, Continues Health Benefits

ABC NATIONAL GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS DIVISION

Charles E. Hawkins, III, CAE: Vice President, Government Affairs: Provides overall direction to Government Relations, PAC, and Legal Rights and Strategy activities

Administrative Assistant: Esperanza Gomez

Government Relations Staff

Jeff Noah:

Director, Government Relations: labor-management and employment issues

Jenifer W. Loon:

Director, Federal Legislation: labor-employee/ management relations issues, social policy affecting the workplace

Marc Freedman:

Director, Federal Regulations: prevailing wage regulations, OSHA, Procurement/set-aside regulations and general regulatory issues

Michael J. Bolen:

Assistant Director, Federal Legislation: tax/revenue, budget, insurance procurement and small business

William B. Spencer:

Washington Representative: legal rights and strategy, paperwork reduction, union violence and intimidation and pension issues

Charlotte Herbert:

Washington Representative: public works transportation and judiciary issues

Edward G. Marks:

Legislative Grassroots Coordinator: legislative grassroots organizing

Paulasue Sawyers:

State Legislative Coordinator: state legislative issues organizing

John H. Wells: Economist

Administrative Assistants: Reva L. Lovett, Gloria Minott and Marilyn Ramsey

> continued on back Page 3 of 52

Political Affairs Staff

Marra Harris: Director, Political Affairs: promotes individual participation in the political process through ABC's Political Action Committee

Administrative Assistants: Marci Nadler and Marilyn Ramsey

ABC General Counsel Venable, Baetjer, Howard and Civiletti A. Samuel Cook Robert G. Ames Maurice Baskin

LOBBYING TIPS

Many citizens exercise their right to petition their government by visiting their Representative and Senators in Washington. Your involvement in ABC's National Legislative Conference is one of the most influential ways of working for Merit Shop construction. Here are several lobbying tips for making your Capitol Hill visits more effective.

 State your Purpose - When you begin your meeting with a legislator, state clearly the purpose of your visit and why you're concerned with the issues you want to discuss.

• Build Your Case - Your own experience with an issue, plus solid facts, are the best arguments for supporting your position. Explain briefly how the legislation (or the situation requiring legIslation) affects you, your company, or your family. Be prepared to use the information in ABC's position papers and the Issue Summaries to back up your position.

• Be Constructive - Concentrate on explaining how the legislation you support is a positive solution to a problem. Instead of criticizing your opponents and their legislation, help your legislator understand the merits of your bill and explain why it is the best approach.

• Be Realistic - Communicate with legislators and their staffs as an individual or as a group of constituents. Don't give the impression you have political influence you don't have—false claims create doubts about your views and goals. Also, don't threaten to withhold your vote in an upcoming election—keep to the merits of your issues.

• Get Feedback - Ask legislators to explain their positions on the issues you raise during your visit. As a constituent, you're entitled to know where they stand and why; this information may help ABC on a key vote in the future.

• Follow Up - Let legislators know you appreciate meeting with them in Washington. If a legislator indicates support for the bill(s) that concern you, thank him or her for their commitment. Page 5 of 52

THE 1991 BUDGET/DAVIS-BACON REFORM

l) The 1991 Budget

Congress is facing a mounting budget deficit crisis. The deficit may climb to over \$150 billion, while the Gramm-Rudman budget procedures require cutting it to \$64 billion in '91 and a balanced budget by 1993. Negotiators from the White House and Congress are most likely trying to work out a budget compromise which could include tax increases, spending cuts and extending the balanced budget target several more years.

The following points should be made on the 1991 Budget:

- Congress can balance the budget by simply lowering the rate of growth in spending each year.
- Congress should not repeal Gramm-Rudman. If there is a substitute, it must be without loopholes and require Congress to cut the deficit quickly.
- Cut the capital gains rate. This will fuel investment in the economy and provide muchneeded revenues to help reduce the deficit.
- Oppose increasing gasoline excise tax and other taxes. They only go towards greater spending, not to their intended purpose — Highway Trust Fund or deficit reduction.

2) Davis-Bacon Reform

- Including Davis-Bacon reform in the 1991 budget would:
 - Save \$2.5 billion over 5 years and \$190 million in 1991 without having to raise taxes or cut spending.
 - Reduce federal construction costs by 3% annually.

Page 6 of 52

THE BALANCED BUDGET AMENDMENT

The House and Senate are each considering resolutions calling for a balanced budget/tax limitation amendment to the constitution. The House is considering H.J. Res. 268, and the Senate H.J. Res. 183. Urge your Representatives and Senators to support the respective resolutions when they come to the floor for a vote.

Arguments For:

- Congress has only balanced the budget once in the last 30 years. A constitutional amendment is necessary to restore discipline in the budget process and eliminate accounting gimmicks that mask the true size of the deficit.
- The national debt is now over \$3 trillion and will have to be raised to \$4 trillion by the fall of this year. How much more can we afford to mortgage our children's economic future?
- Huge deficits hurt my business and our exonomy. We pay higher interest rates as money for the exonomy is squeezed out to pay the interest on the national debt.
- Sufficient nexibility is provided in Balanced Budget Amendment for deficit spending when national emergencies occur.

CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1990 KENNEDY/HAWKINS H.R. 4000/2104

This legislation has been packaged as merely reversing a series of civil rights rulings handed down by the U.S. Supreme Court last summer. In reality it would do far more. It mandates the most sweeping changes in employment discrimination law since the 1972 amendments to Title VII of the Civil Rights Act.

- Title VII has never provided jury trials.
- Kennedy-Hawkins would.
- Title VII has never provided for compensatory damages. Kennedy-Hawkins would.
- Title VII has never permitted million dollar awards plus punitive damages. Kennedy-Hawkins would.

This legislation would make it so easy to establish discrimination that a majority of the Supreme Court argues that employers will be forced to adopt strict hiring quotas to avoid being sued. Urge your legislators to vote against these measures.

Page 8 of 52

CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

Monday, July 9	Event/Location
8:00 a.m 1:00 p.m.	Political Action Trustees Meeting Bunker Hill
8:00 a.m 5:00 p.m.	ABC Executive Committee Meeting Olympic
9:00 a.m 12:00 noon	Infrastructure Task Force Meeting Bryce
9:00 a.m 12:00 noon	Labor Task Force Meeting Glacier
10:00 a.m 4:00 p.m.	Contract Documents Committee Meeting / Grand Canyon
10:00 a.m 4:00 p.m.	Membership Growth Committee Yellowstone
12:00 noon - 4:00 p.m.	Legislative Committee Meeting Yosemite
1:00 p.m 5:00 p.m.	ABC PAC Finance Committee Seminar / Columbia Foyer
2:30 p.m 7:00 p.m.	ABC Legislative Conference Registration / Regency Foyer
3:00 p.m 5:00 p.m.	State Lobbyists Meeting Columbia A
5:00 p.m 6:30 p.m.	Legislative Issue Briefing Regency A
6:30 p.m 7:30 p.m.	ABC Legislative Reception Ticonderoga
7:45 p.m 10:00 p.m.	Caucus Event Kennedy Center
Tuesday, July 10	Relating Control
7:00 a.m 7:00 p.m.	ABC Legislative Conference
7:30 a.m 9:00 a.m.	Registration / Regency Foyer Legislative Breakfast
9:00 a.m 4:00 p.m.	Regency A Congressional Office Visits
9:00 a.m 4:00 p.m.	House & Senate Office Buildings ABC Hospitality Suite
	Continental Breakfast 9-11 a.m. Luncheon 11:30-1:30 p.m.
	Refreshments 1:30-4:00 p.m. Florida House, #1 Second St., NE
12:30 p.m 6:00 p.m.	Structure Committee Lexington
5:00 p.m 7:30 p.m.	ABC Congressional Reception Registration / Hall of Battles
5:30 p.m 7:30 p.m.	ABC Congressional Reception Yorktown/Ticonderoga

continued on back

Page 9 of 52

Wed	nesday,	.Iu	lv	11

7:00 a.m. - 2:30 p.m.

7:30 a.m. - 8:50 a.m.

8:50 a.m. - 10:20 p.m.

10:30 a.m. - 12:30 p.m.

12:30 p.m. - 2:20 p.m.

2:20 p.m. - 2:30 p.m.

6:00 p.m. - 11:00 p.m.

Thursday, July 12

8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.

9:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m.

Event/Location

Registration for ABC Board of Directors / Outside Regency A National Board of Directors

General Session / Regency A ABC Board Regional Breakouts

TBA

ABC Board Meeting General Session / Regency A

ABC Board Regional Breakouts & Lunch / TBA

ABC Board Meeting General Session / Regency A

Construction Legal Rights Foundation Board of Trustees Meeting

Merit Shop Foundation Board of Trustees Meeting / Columbia A Education Committee Meeting Concord

CONSTRUCTION SAFETY/ OSHA EXPANSION

There are several OSHA EXPANSION bills: H.R. 4652, H.R. 2254, S. 930

All of these bills would:

- · Create new office within OSHA for construction;
- Create additional paperwork by requiring; additional reporting procedures, establishment of on-site and off-site health and safety plans, increased record keeping,
- Mandate the hiring of a Construction Safety Specialist;
- · Increase penalties;
 - S. 930/H.R. 2254-up to 20 years and/or fine, for second offense
 - H.R. 4652 for serious injury \$25,000; for death \$50,000
- Urge legislators to vote AGAINST these OSHA EXPANSION bills.

OSHA Criminal Penalty Reform Act, S. 2154/H.R 4050

PROVISIONS:

- Dramatically Expands Criminal Sanctions for OSHA Violations
- Applies Criminal Penalties to Violations Resulting in the Serious Injury of Employee or "Reckless Endangerment" of Human Life (Currently applies only for death of worker).
- Increases Prison Sentences from 6 mos. to 10 years for First Offense.

MESSAGE:

- ABC OPPOSES ALL THESE BILLS FOR TWO MAIN REASONS:
- (I) NO EMPLOYEE ACCOUNTABILITY PROVISIONS
- (2) NO DRUG-TESTING PROVISIONS

GETTING AROUND CAPITOL HILL

Abbreviation of Congressional Office Buildings

• Senate:

SDOB-Dirksen Office Building SHOB-Hart Office Building SROB-Russell Office Building

House of Representatives:

CHOB-Cannon Office Building (3 digit room numbers; first digit is floor number) LHOB-Longworth Office Building (4-digit room numbers beginning with 1; second digit is the floor number) RHOB-Rayburn Office Building (4-digit number beginning with 2; second digit is the floor number)

Where To Call For:

Senators, Representatives, Committees 224-3121 (Capitol Switchboard)

- What's Happening on the Senate Floor 224-8541 (Democratic Cloakroom) 224-8601 (Republican Cloakroom)
- What's Happening on the House Floor 225-7400 (Democratic Cloakroom) 225-7430 (Republican Cloakroom)
- Legislative Conference Information 737-1234 (Hyatt Regency-Ask for ABC Conference Desk) 546-1555 (Florida House Hospitality Suite; Tuesday, July 10, 9:00 a.m. until 4:00 p.m.)

Page 12 of 52

CONSTRUCTION CREDIT CRUNCH

- Lenders are under pressure from regulators to diversify their loan portfolios; heavy reliance on real estate and construction during recent boom years lead to problems when market slumped.
- Real estate and other construction oriented loans are being looked at much more closely regardless of the borrower. In some cases financing is being denied or withheld although a project may be very sound or indeed already begun.
- Congress needs to hear that viable projects and healthy companies are not getting adequate financing. Ripple effect is widespread loss of jobs and tax revenues when construction employees are out of work and other businesses are unable to expand as well.
- Two legislative measures introduced to ease problems:

- H.R. 4565 introduced by Rep. Peter Hoagland (D-NE) would phase-in over 2 years the requirement which restricts S&Ls to extending only 15% of their available credit to one borrower.

- H.R. 4494 introduced by Sen. Jake Garn (R-UT) would exempt lenders from Superfund liability for the actions of their borrowers.

Urge your Senators and Representatives to support these bills and to keep credit flowing to construction for viable projects. Page 13 of 52

MANDATED PARENTAL AND MEDICAL LEAVE

PROVISIONS:

- 12 Weeks Leave Per Year Per Employee
- Leave for New Child, Sick Child, Sick Parent or Personal Illness
- Employer Guarantees Same Job, Continues Health Benefits

STATUS:

- Passed House 237-187 on May 10, 1990
- Passed Senate June 14, 1990
- President Bush Will Veto

MESSAGE:

- ENCOURAGE CONGRESSMEN TO SUSTAIN
 PRESIDENrS VETO
- MANDATES DESTROY BENEFIT PROGRAM FLEXIBILITY/CREATIVITY
- YOUR EMPLOYEES MAY PREFER OTHER BENEFITS
- MOST EMPLOYERS DO ACCOMMODATE EMPLOYEES' FAMILY NEEDS
- ABC OPPOSES ALL FEDERAL MANDATES

Page 14 of 52

MEMORANDUM

July 9, 1990

TO: SENATOR DOLE

FROM: JIM MCMILLAN

RE: ASSOCIATED BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS ("ABC"): ANNUAL LEGISLATIVE CONFERENCE

Background. You have been asked to address a group of approximately 300 members (unfortunately, only about one representative from Kansas will be there) of ABC on Tuesday, July 10, 1990, in the Regency A Room of the Hyatt Regency Hotel, 400 New Jersey Avenue, N.W. You will be introduced to speak at 8:30 a.m. and have been asked to speak for approximately 15 minutes and to take questions for up to an additional 15 minutes. Sen. Coats is scheduled to speak before you from 8:00 to 8:30 a.m. Jeff Noah, Director of Government Relations, ABC, will meet you in the lobby of the hotel between 8:25 and 8:30 a.m.

ABC is an 18,000 member corporate construction trade association representing the open shop in the construction industry. You have been asked to speak on general issues before the 101st Congress. Given the state of new housing starts, budget and deficit issues (which have been incorporated into your prepared statement) will be of particular interest to this group.

<u>Issues</u>. Some specific issues which you may get questions on include the following:

1. <u>Civil Rights Act</u>. The bill comes to the Senate floor tomorrow. As you know, the two big issues on the bill are revising the Kennedy-Danforth compromise language that each employment practice bear a "substantial and demonstrable relationship to effective job performance" so that business does not decide that imposing quotas is the best way to deal with the legislation <u>and</u> issues relating to crafting appropriate damage remedies for the various types of discrimination.

2. <u>Americans with Disabilities Act</u>. As you know, the Senate was not able to take action on the Conference Report prior to the July recess because of concern over the impact of the Grassley amendment (also the Chapman amendment). I have spoken to Hatch's staff who indicated that they are hopeful that all issues (including procedural problems with effecting any changes) will get resolved this week.

3. <u>Parental and Medical Leave</u>. This bill was vetoed by the President immediately before the July recess. The veto is expected to be sustained by the House (it is a House bill so the Senate will not have to deal with the issue). 4. <u>Strike Replacement</u>. A hearing was held on June 6th. The bill is a <u>major</u> revision of current law and would provide that it is an unfair labor practice for an employer to offer or grant (a) permanent replacement employee status during a labor dispute or (b) any employment preference to an individual who worked or indicated a willingness to work during a labor dispute over an employee who exercised specified rights during such dispute. While you hear a lot of people talking about this bill (including the unions which have made it their "Number 1" legislative priority), most believe that it won't be considered until next Congress (and even then, it will be a real uphill battle for the unions).

5. <u>National Housing Act and Davis-Bacon Reform</u>. Among other things, the Housing bill the Senate passed authorizes nearly \$60 billion over the next three years to expand the supply of affordable housing through new construction, rehabilitation of existing stock, and rental assistance. The House is scheduled to take up its version of the housing bill on July 12th.

There were two amendments to the Housing Act -- one by Nickles and one by Chafee -- which would have modified the Davis-Bacon Act. The Nickles amendment would have exempted public housing tenants from prevailing wage requirements of Davis-Bacon for work done on their own public housing projects. This amendment was tabled by a vote of 61-38. You voted against the motion to table.

The Chafee amendment would have raised the threshold which triggers Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements for public housing to \$1 million (current law requires prevailing wages on all federal construction contracts over \$2,000). This amendment was tabled by a vote of 59-39. You voted against the motion to table.

While these and other attempts to reform Davis-Bacon have been unsuccessful, this is hardly the last we will see of this issue.

6. OSHA Criminal Penalty Reform Act. This bill was reported by the Senate Labor Committee on June 27, 1990 (an amendment in the form of a substitute). It is a real priority for Metzenbaum who at one point sought to attach it to the Crime Bill. The bill significantly increases penalties for various offenses, adds a definition of serious bodily harm, adds direct liability for corporate directors, officers and agents and provides that state and local law enforcement is not preempted by OSHA. DOL was opposed to the bill as originally introduced and as yet has no official position on the substitute as reported.

7. <u>Construction Safety, Health & Education Improvement Act</u>. This bill was introduced by Dodd and has six cosponsors (in response to the 1987 L'Ambiance Plaza disaster in CT which claimed the lives of 28 construction workers). A hearing was held on November 16, 1989. It looked like this bill <u>wasn't</u> going to move anywhere since DOL Assistant Secretary Gerard Scannell has taken aggressive steps to address the issue of construction safety and to improve regulatory response to jobsite accidents, including establishing a new office of Construction and Engineering within OSHA (which occurred in February 1990).

While many believe that Scannel has addressed many of the issues that the bill does, Dodd, apparently in response to extreme union pressure, said last week that he is considering scheduling the bill for markup on July 18th. The bill would establish an Office of Construction Safety, Health, and Education, would require certain safety and health inspections, investigations, reporting, and recordkeeping in the construction industry, would require certain construction contractors to establish construction safety and health programs and onsite plans and to appoint construction safety specialists, and would increase criminal penalties.

This document is from the collections at the Dole Archives, University of Kansas http://dolearchives.ku.edu Tuesday, July 10 Hyatt Requery Hotel at breakfast 8:00 ASSOCIATED BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS, INC. issues May 2, 1990 The Honorable Robert Dole United States Senate 141 Hart Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20515 Dear Senator Dole: On July 9-10, 1990, Associated Builders and Contractors (ABC) is having its annual Legislative Conference at the Hyatt Regency Washington. As part of that conference we would like to extend an invitation to you to address our Legislative Issues Briefing, July 9 at 5:00 p.m. July 10 at breakfast We are expecting several hundred ABC members from every state in the union to attend this briefing. Your speech would be ten to fifteen minutes on issues/politics in the 101st Congress with a ten to fifteen minute question and answer period to follow.

As you know, ABC is an 18,000 member corporate construction trade association representing the open shop in the construction industry. ABC is involved in issues ranging from Davis-Bacon reform to capital gains and this occasion gives our members the opportunity to meet first hand their representatives and express their views on a variety of these issues.

ABC looks forward to your participation in our conference and would gladly discuss with your staff the matter of an honorarium.

Sincerely

Charles E. Hawkins, III, CAE Vice President of Government Affairs

5-4-90 Suterin letter

6-5-90 Reva Lovett 637-8800

TALKING POINTS ASSOCIATED BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS JULY 10, 1990 INTRODUCTION GOOD MORNING. IT'S A 0 PLEASURE TO BE HERE. O THERE ARE A LOT OF YOU IN THE AUDIENCE FROM OUT-OF-TOWN WHO HAVE MADE THE TRIP TO

WASHINGTON TO SEE WHAT CONGRESS IS UP TO THIS SESSION. I HOPE YOU ARE NOT DISAPPOINTED AND PERHAPS EVEN A LITTLE ENCOURAGED. IF NOT, LET US KNOW -- THAT'S WHAT WE'RE HERE FOR. THE BUDGET AND THE DEFICIT I DON'T HAVE TO REMIND 0 ANY OF YOU THAT THE

ECONOMY COULD BE IN BETTER SHAPE. UNFORTUNATELY, JUST AT 0 THE TIME THE TREASURY'S **REVENUES ARE BELOW** PROJECTIONS, THE COST OF RUNNING THE COUNTRY IS AHEAD OF PROJECTIONS. 0 INTEREST ON OUR NATIONAL DEBT IS APPROACHING \$200 **BILLION A YEAR, TWICE AS**

MUCH AS THE ENTIRE FEDERAL BUDGET WHEN I WAS FIRST ELECTED TO CONGRESS 29 YEARS AGO. AND SOMETIME TOWARDS THE END OF THIS MONTH, WE WILL HAVE TO PASS A BILL TO INCREASE THE DEBT LIMIT YET AGAIN -- TO SOMETHING WELL OVER \$3 TRILLION.

4

THE LATEST FIGURES FROM 0 THE TREASURY INDICATE THAT IN 1991, WE WILL HAVE TO LOOK AT BUDGET CUTS TOTALING AROUND \$50 BILLION TO MEET GRAMM-RUDMAN TARGETS AND THAT'S TAKING THE SAVINGS & LOAN BAILOUT OFF THE BUDGET. EVEN FOR A WASTEFUL AND A

SPECIAL-INTEREST-MINDED CONGRESS, \$50 BILLION IS NOT POCKET CHANGE. AND OVER THE NEXT FIVE YEARS, WE ARE LOOKING AT A REDUCTION OF ABOUT \$500 BILLION.

O WHEN FACED WITH DEFICIT PROBLEMS LAST YEAR, THE SENATE SPENT 10 MONTHS AND DEVOTED OVER 60

PERCENT OF ITS ROLL CALL VOTES TO REDUCE THE DEFICIT BY ONLY \$16 BILLION. AND TO DO THAT, THERE WERE SAVINGS THAT WERE HARDLY SPEAL SAVINGS -- SUCH AS MOVING MILITARY PAY DATES INTO ANOTHER FISCAL YEAR AND COUNTING \$500 MILLION IN

SO-CALLED "LOST" FOOD STAMPS.

THE SUMMIT

THIS YEAR WE CAN NOT \cap AFFORD A REPEAT OF LAST YEAR'S GAMES. WE'VE GOT BIGGER PROBLEMS AND THAT IS WHY IT IS IMPORTANT THAT THE ADMINISTRATION AND CONGRESS GET TOGETHER

AND WORK OUT A BUDGET COMPROMISE. OF COURSE, THAT'S A LOT EASIER SAID THAN DONE.

COMPROMISE PACKAGE: NEW TAXES

O FROM THE START, THE PRESIDENT MADE IT CLEAR THAT FUNDAMENTAL TO ANY SUMMIT NEGOTIATIONS IS THAT EVERYTHING IS ON

THE TABLE: SPENDING CUTS, ENTITLEMENT AND MANDATORY PROGRAM REFORM, GROWTH INCENTIVES, DISCRETIONARY SPENDING REDUCTIONS, DEFENSE CUTS, BUDGET REFORM, AND LAST BUT NOT LEAST --- TAX **REVENUE INCREASES.** O THE PRESS HAS MADE A

LOT OF HYPE ABOUT THE **PRESIDENT'S STATEMENT** THAT TAX INCREASES ARE GOING TO BE NECESSARY. 0 I CAN'T SAY THAT THIS REALLY SURPRISES ME. I HAVE ALWAYS FELT THAT SOME FORM OF TAX INCREASES WERE GOING TO BE NECESSARY AS PART OF THIS COUNTRY'S ONGOING

ECONOMIC POLICY AND THE SPIRALING DEFICIT JUST UNDERSCORES THAT NEED. WHILE THE PRESIDENT IS 0 CONSIDERING A LOT OF DIFFERENT KINDS OF REVENUE RAISING TAXES, I THINK HE WOULD PREFER VARIOUS EXCISE TAX **OPTIONS SUCH AS THE** SO-CALLED BTU TAX

WHICH WOULD APPLY TO VARIOUS SOURCES OF ENERGY, A TAX ON ALCOHOL AND CIGARETTES, OR A SECURITIES TRADING TAX TO AN INCREASE IN INCOME TAX RATES. 0 IN ADDITION, AS PART OF ANY BUDGET PACKAGE, THE PRESIDENT IS COMMITTED

TO CUTTING THE MAXIMUM

CAPITAL GAINS TAX RATE AS A MEANS TO INCREASE REVENUES.

BUDGET PROCESS REFORM

O BESIDES REDUCING OUR DEFICIT, WE ALSO NEED TO LOOK AT SOME PROPOSALS TO REFORM THE CURRENT BUDGET PROCESS WHICH BOTH DEMOCRATS AND REPUBLICANS WILL AGREE IS

FAR FROM PERFECT. WHILE A LOT OF PEOPLE \cap DON'T LIKE IT, I FIRMLY BELIEVE THAT WE SHOULD NOT REPEAL GRAMM-RUDMAN-HOLLINGS THAT IMPOSES MANDATORY SPENDING RESTRAINTS ON CONGRESS. WITHOUT IT, THERE WOULD NOT BE THAT TAP ON THE SHOULDER

REMINDING US THAT OUR BUDGET PROBLEMS CAN'T BE SWEPT UNDER THE RUG AND THAT TOUGH DECISIONS NEED TO BE MADE.

O WE ALSO NEED TO INVOLVE THE PRESIDENT IN ELIMINATING WASTE IN CONGRESSIONAL PROGRAMS WITH A LINE

ITEM VETO OR ENHANCED **RESCISSION AUTHORITY.** FINALLY, WE NEED A TWO 0 YEAR BUDGET CYCLE WHICH WOULD ADD SOME CONSISTENCY AND LONGER-RANGE PLANNING TO THE BUDGET PROCESS. ALSO WITH A TWO YEAR CYCLE, CONGRESS WOULD BE FREED UP IN OFF YEARS

TO DEVOTE MORE TIME TO OTHER NATIONAL PRIORITIES. OTHER LEGISLATIVE INITIATIVES ALTHOUGH CONGRESS WILL 0 BE PREOCCUPIED IN THE COMING MONTHS WITH BUDGET ISSUES AND APPROPRIATIONS BILLS, OTHER MAJOR PIECES OF LEGISLATION THAT HAVE OR WILL COME TO THE FLOOR

THAT YOU MAY BE INTERESTED IN INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: —— AS YOU KNOW, THE CLEAN AIR ACT IS IN CONFERENCE AND I THINK YOU CAN EXPECT A BILL TO BE

PASSED BEFORE THE END OF THE SESSION.

--- A MAJOR HOUSING BILL WAS JUST PASSED IN THE SENATE. UNFORTUNATELY, AMENDMENTS OFFERED BY SENATORS CHAFEE AND NICKLES WHICH WOULD HAVE IMPLEMENTED SOME REFORMS TO DAVIS-BACON AND WHICH I SUPPORTED DID NOT PASS. UNDER THE BILL, DAVIS-BACON WILL APPLY TO PROJECTS INVOLVING 12 OR MORE UNITS. THE BILL ALSO CALLS FOR A

STUDY OF THE EFFECT OF DAVIS-BACON ON FEDERAL HOUSING CONTRACTS. I KNOW THE ISSUE OF DAVIS-BACON REFORM IS A REAL PRIORITY FOR YOU, AND I THINK WE WILL CONTINUE TO SEE THE ISSUE SURFACING UNTIL SOME CHANGES ARE MADE. -- THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT WILL BE ON THE SENATE FLOOR

TODAY. WHILE THE PRESIDENT HAS INDICATED THAT HE WANTS TO SIGN A CIVIL RIGHTS BILL AND WHILE THE ADMINISTRATION IS WORKING OVERTIME TO RESOLVE ITS ISSUES ON THE LEGISLATION, PROBLEMS STILL REMAIN ON MODIFYING LANGUAGE IN THE BILL TO MAKE SURE THAT ITS EFFECT ON THE BUSINESS COMMUNITY IS

NOT TO MANDATE QUOTAS AND IN CONNECTION WITH CRAFTING APPROPRIATE DAMAGE REMEDIES.

--- THE SENATE IS ALSO SCHEDULED TO TAKE FINAL ACTION ON THE CONFERENCE REPORT ON THE AMERICAN WITH DISABILITIES ACT THIS WEEK WHICH RAN INTO A LAST MINUTE SNAG BEFORE THE RECESS. WHILE I SUPPORT THIS BILL. I REMAIN CONCERNED ABOUT ITS IMPACT ON SMALL BUSINESS AND BELIEVE THAT THIS SITUATION SHOULD BE CAREFULLY MONITORED DOWN-THE-ROAD TO MAKE SURE THAT MODIFICATIONS IN THE LAW ARE NOT IN ORDER.

--- THE OSHA CRIMINAL PENALTY REFORM ACT WAS

24

REPORTED ON FAVORABLY THE WEEK BEFORE LAST BY THE SENATE LABOR COMMITTEE. I UNDERSTAND THAT SENATOR METZENBAUM AND THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ARE STILL TALKING ABOUT VARIOUS PROVISIONS OF THAT BILL WHICH MAY OR MAY NOT COME TO THE FLOOR IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

—— THERE ALSO APPEARS TO BE RENEWED INTEREST BY SENATOR DODD IN THE CONSTRUCTION SAFETY, HEALTH & EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT WHICH MAY GET SCHEDULED FOR MARKUP ON JULY 18TH.

--- FINALLY, WHILE YOU HEAR LOTS OF PEOPLE TALKING ABOUT THE STRIKE REPLACEMENT BILL, I THINK MOST OF WHAT IS GOING ON IS MORE IN ANTICIPATION OF ACTION BY THE NEXT CONGRESS RATHER THAN THIS ONE. THE BILL IS -- OF COURSE -- A MAJOR **REVISION OF STRIKE LAW AND** ALTHOUGH THE UNIONS HAVE SET IT AS THEIR "NUMBER 1 PRIORITY I THINK THEY HAVE GOT A REAL UPHILL BATTLE ON

THEIR HANDS. THERE ARE A LOT OF 0 OTHER ISSUES THAT THE SENATE MAY BE TAKING UP BUT YOU SHOULD KEEP IN MIND THAT BECAUSE THIS IS AN ELECTION YEAR, BI-PARTISAN COOPERATION IN THE CONGRESS MAY BECOME MORE AND MORE DIFFICULT -- ESPECIALLY

SINCE THE POLLS ARE INDICATING THAT SOME RACES ARE A LOT CLOSER THAN WAS EXPECTED. THE ELECTION UNLIKE RECENT SENATE 0 CAMPAIGNS WHERE THE DEMOCRATS HAVE BEEN ABLE TO RECRUIT BETTER CANDIDATES, WE NOW HAVE 9 REPUBLICAN HOUSE

MEMBERS RUNNING FOR THE SENATE BEHIND A PRESIDENT WHOSE POPULARITY HAS BEEN OFF THE CHARTS. 0 THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT THE REPUBLICANS ARE ---AND CONTINUE TO BE ---IN THE BEST POSITION TO MANAGE THE ECONOMY. WE ARE AT A CRITICAL JUNCTURE AND THOSE WITH

THE EXPERIENCE SHOULD BE IN THE DRIVER'S SEAT. THIS COUNTRY NEEDS \cap GROWTH COUPLED WITH SPENDING CUTS. IF WE RETURN TO THE DAYS OF FREE SPENDING -- OF **BLOATED GOVERNMENT** PROGRAMS THAT DO NOT JUSTIFY THEIR COST -- WE WILL BE HURTING THE

31

ECONOMY AT A TIME WHEN IT NEEDS A BOOST. IF WE START MANDATING \cap BENEFITS AND IMPOSING ADDITIONAL -- AND I MIGHT ADD --EXPENSIVE --- BURDENS ON THE BUSINESS COMMUNITY, WE WILL BE ZAPPING BUSINESS OF THE STRENGTH AND FREEDOM IT NEEDS TO

STAY PROFITABLE AND COMPETITIVE.

0 SO I AM OPTIMISTIC THAT THE REPUBLICANS ARE GOING TO MAKE SOME GAINS DURING THE FALL ELECTIONS, AND I HOPE YOU WILL AGREE WITH ME THAT THE DEMOCRATIC AGENDA IS JUST NOT COMPATIBLE WITH THIS

COUNTRY'S ECONOMIC SITUATION.

FLOOR QUESTIONS

 O IF TIME ALLOWS, YOU MAY WANT TO TALK ABOUT
 SOME OF THE ISSUES I
 HAVE RAISED —— OR
 OTHERS —— AND I'D BE
 HAPPY TO RESPOND TO
 YOUR QUESTIONS.