MAY 15, 1989

TO:

SENATOR DOLE

FROM:

CAROLYN SEELY

SUBJECT:

SPEECH TO MACHINE TOOL INDUSTRY SENIOR MANAGEMENT

On Thursday, May 16, at 8:30 a.m., you are scheduled to address a breakfast meeting for senior management of the National Machine Tool Builders Association members. You will be greeted by Jim Mack, NMBTA's Public Affairs Director, and introduced by NMBTA's current Chairman, James Geier, Chairman and CEO of Cincinnati Milacron. The topic of your remarks is listed as the "GOP Congressional Agenda". Mr. Mack saw last week's ASAE speech on C-Span and thinks similar remarks would be perfect.

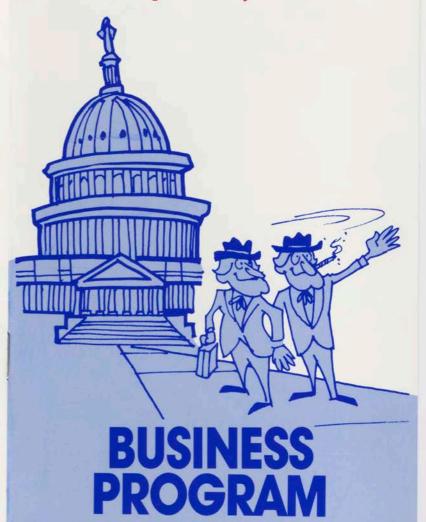
Congresswoman Lynn Martin is scheduled to give opening remarks at the Thursday breakfast. Later that day, the group will hear from Secretary Mosbacher (keynote), Ways and Means Committee members Kennelly and Schulze, Senator Danforth (tax and trade), Congressman Aspin and representatives from the Army, Navy and Air Force (DOD budget and procurement needs). On Friday, the group will hear from Speaker Wright (House agenda), Senator Dixon, Senator Kasten and Congressman Luken (product liability), Senator Riegle (competitiveness), Commerce Undersecretary Kloske (export controls) and Senator Heinz.

NMBTA members are capital intensive and rely heavily on cost recovery incentives. (The meeting program will gratefully acknowledge your sponsorship of legislation preventing Treasury from altering cost recovery schedules without Congressional approval.) Not surprisingly, NMBTA also supports the Rostenkowski minimum tax initiative as an alternative to the new ACE preference which adversely impacts depreciation. However, its members would be equally satisfied with a continuation of the current book income preference.

Other issues of concern to NMBTA include Section 89, product liability, the modified R&D credit legislation which, unlike current law, can be used by small business, and the types of trade initiatives which would target Federal R&D spending, suspend the antitrust laws for favored industries, etc.

NMTBA's 87th SPRING MEETING

Loew's L'Enfant Plaza Washington, D.C. May 17-19, 1989



Wednesday, May 17

8:00 am – 10:00 am	Finance/Executive Committee Breakfast Meeting Montcalm Room
8:00 am – 10:00 am	Machine TOOLPAC Breakfast Meeting Marquette Room
8:00 am – 5:00 pm	Registration Quorum Room
10:30 am – 3:00 pm	NMTBA/NMTBS Board of Directors Meeting Degas Room
12:00 pm – 5:00 pm	Spouse Headquarters Marquette Room
12:00 pm – 1:30 pm	NMTBA/NMTBS Board and Past Chairmen Luncheon Monet III Room
12:00 pm – 1:30 pm	NMTBA/NMTBS Board and Past Chairmen Spouses Luncheon Lafayette Room
6:00 pm – 7:30 pm	Welcoming Reception Rayburn House Office Building First Floor Foyer

Note: Buses depart from the L'enfant Plaza Hotel front lobby entrance beginning at 5:45 pm and will shuttle between the two buildings until 7:45 pm.



Thursday, May 18

7:30 am - 5:00 pm

8:00 am - 5:00 pm

7:45 am

Registration
Ballroom Foyer
Spouse Headquarters
Quorum Room
Breakfast

Monet Jr. Ballroom

Welcoming Address

Congresswoman Lynn Martin (R-IL)

Only five years ago, Lynn Martin was among a group of little-known politicians recognized by U.S. News & World Report as "10 political stars in the making." Today she is a leader in the House of Representatives. She served as co-chair of the George Bush for President campaign.

Lynn Martin's district contains more NMTBA members than any

other congressional district in the country. She headed up the successful effort to secure over 200 congressional supporters for NMTBA's 232 Petition during the mid–1980's.

GOP Congressional Agenda

Senator Bob Dole (R-KS)

Senator Dole is the Republican Senate leader. A tough, common sense conservative from America's heartland, Senator Dole has earned national acclaim with his leadership for budget responsibility, tax reform, a sound social security system, quality and affordable health care, rights for the disadvantaged and persons with disabilities, and for a better future for



rural America. Last fall, he succeeded in pushing through a provision in the Tax Technical Corrections Act that prohibits the Treasury from stretching out depreciation lives without congressional approval.

During the second World War, Bob Dole was a platoon leader in the legendary Tenth Mountain Division in Italy. As a result of grave injuries received on the battlefield, he spent thirty—nine months in hospitals fighting for his life, an experience that made him a lifelong advocate for veterans and individuals with disabilities.

4/10 Jun mack calthis document is from the collections at the Dole Archives, University of Kansas http://dolearchives.ku.edu regarding May 18th pear 8:00am Briakfast L'enfant Plaza Honoraria - #2,000



CHAIRMAN:

James A.D. Geler Chairman & C.E.O. Cincinnati Milacro

1st VICE CHAIRMAN: Raymond H. Blakeman Chairman & C.E.O. Met-Coil Systems Corpor

2nd VICE CHAIRMAN Richard P. Bodine, Sr President The Bodine Corporation

TREASURER: Morrow B. Garrison American Machine & Science Inc

SECRETARY: George P. Buckey Teledyne Landis Machine

DIRECTORS: Anthony M. Cerra HZ Clearing, Inc.

William J. Ellison Chairman Tree Machine Tool Co., Inc.

Howard Fark Sr. Vice President
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James N. Farley President SpeedFam Corporation

Bruce L. Moore President H.R. Krueger Machine Tool, Inc.

William Saul Chairman Remmele Engineering, Inc.

Harold J. Wagner Chairman & C.E.O. Setco Sales Compa

EX-OFFICIO: Charles E. Gilbert, Jr. The Cincinnati Gilbert Machine Tool Co.

Albert W. Moore Executive Vice President, Operations Gleason Corporation

STAFF:

James A. Gray

Elwood H. Hasemann Exhibition Director

William Atkinson, Jr. Safety Director James H. Mack

Charles G. Koella International Trade Director James L Wallbeoff, Jr.

Charles Pollock
Public Relations Director

John B. Deam

T. Glyn Finley

Statistical Director Z-8-89 Suterim Eter

January 30, 1989

at L'Enfant Playa

Honorable Robert J. Dole 141 Hart Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20510-1601

Dear Senator Dole:

On behalf of NMTBA - The Association For Manufacturing Technology, I would like to invite you to meet with the senfor management of the machine tool industry at our Spring Meeting here in Washington, and specifically address them at a breakfast meeting beginning at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, May 18, 1989. It will be of great interest to our members to have your views on the Congressional agenda for the 101st Congress.

The meeting will be held at Loew's L'Enfant Plaza Hotel, 480 L'Enfant Plaza, S.W., Washington, DC.

The audience will be made up of 250-300 top executives from U.S. manufacturing technology companies. It will also include editors and publishers of the metalworking press and principals of machine tool distributor firms.

NMTBA represents some 300 companies that manufacture machine tools and other manufacturing technology in the United States, accounting for about 90% of U.S. production of machine tools.

Should you have any questions about the meeting, please let me know. Additionally, Jim Mack of my staff will be in touch with you concerning final arrangements.

Best wishes for a successful new year.

Sincerely

James A. Gray

President

JAG:pk

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gove	SPRING	MEETING NOTES
-/- (
Wed. 5/17	Eve	CONGRESSIONAL RECEPTION (Rayburn House Office Building Foyer)
Thurs. 5/18	8:00 am	BREAKFAST - Cong. Lynn Martin (R-IL) to give welcoming address; Sen. Dole (R-KS) GOP Congressional Agenda
	9:30 am - 10:00 am	GEIER SPEECH - will introduce Sen
	10:00 am - 10:45 am	<u>KEYNOTE ADDRESS</u> - Secretary of Commerce Robert Mosbacher
	11:00 am	WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE PANEL Cong. Barbara Kennelly (D-CT) & Cong. Richard Schulze (R-PA)
	11:45 am	TAX AND TRADE - Sen. Jack Danforth (R-MO)
	12:30 pm	LUNCHEON - Cong. Les Aspin (D-WI), Chairman House Armed Services Committee on DoD Budget/Procurement Reform/Industrial Base Buy America
	2:00 pm - 4:00 pm	PRESENTATIONS by Army, Navy, Air Force on 3 year "needs assessment" major programs which will lead to direct DoD and private sector purchases of machine tools and how to access the system. [Air Force-John S. Srnec; Army-Mr. Griffin; Navy-Capt. Ruppman and DoC John Richards]
	4:00 pm	HILL VISITS
	6:00 pm	TOOLPAC RECEPTION/DINNER
Fri. 5/19	8:00 am	BREAKFAST - The Congressional Agenda: House - Speaker Jim Wright (D-TX)
	9:00 am	Senate - Alan Dixon (D-IL)
	9:30 am - 10:15 am	<pre>PRODUCT LIABILITY - Sen. Kasten (R-WI) & Cong. Luken (D-OH)</pre>
	10:15 am	<pre>COMPETITIVENESS - Sen. Don Riegle (D-MI)</pre>
	11:15 am	EXPORT CONTROLS - Dennis Kloske (BXA Undersecretary, Dept. of Commerce)
	11:45 am	MOORE WRAP-UP SPEECH

12:30 pm

LUNCHEON - Sen. John Heinz (R-PA)

May, 1989

TOP ADMINISTRATION PRIORITIES

- The Administration has successfully completed negotiations with the Taiwanese concerning their shipments of machines to the United States in excess of their 1987 VRA quotas (during the time that Commerce did not have enforcement authority). The Taiwanese admitted the overages and have agreed to schedule their repayment. A total of 701 machines will be deducted from their 1989 through 1991 quotas, to be spread relatively equally across the three years. The U.S. agreed to "forgive" an additional 30 machining centers, which were shipped in excess of the 1987 quotas. The Taiwanese agreed that any overages from 1988 will be deducted over the next three years with no "forgiveness." It appears that approximately 500 machines were shipped from Taiwan in excess of the 1988 quotas -- mostly milling machines and non-NC lathes.
- o The U.S. position in the COCOM list review for machine tools is still undetermined. Commerce is supporting a TAC position relaxing controls on the number of allowable axes, but tightening up on allowable parameters of repeatability and accuracy. The Defense Department is proposing to add items to the control list which were removed 15 or more years ago. The initial U.S. position is to not automatically reject a German proposal, which closely resembles that put forth by the TAC. The ultimate conflict between the Commerce and Defense Departments must still be resolved at the NSC level.
- Through NMTBA's efforts, the Air Force MANTECH Program issued a PRDA directing \$9.9 million towards specific machine tool R & D projects. The MANTECH PRDA received 84 responses from machine tool builders of which 32 will receive Phase I funding this year. NMTBA is also working with the Army and Navy to determine whether MANTECH funding can be made available from them for additional projects. On the Congressional front, NMTBA is working to assure that FY 1990 funding is available for continuing MANTECH involvement in machine tool industry projects.
- o NMTBA staff is exploring ways that DARPA could fund joint research projects, which would benefit the manufacturing technology industry and its customer base. We are also working with Sens. Glenn (D-OH) and Danforth (R-MO) on proposals to better coordinate federal funding of civilian R & D, so that it better enhances U.S. competitiveness.
- o The Italian Machine Tool Industry thinks they have found a way around the Congressional prohibition against DoD purchases of foreign machine tools for use in DoD facilities. NMTBA is working with several congressional offices to secure a GAO audit of this matter -- both in the interest of two of our members on the specific case and to prevent future abuses.

TOP LEGISLATIVE PRIORITIES

- o Product Liability Reform. A bipartisan bill is about to be introduced in the Senate by Sens. Kasten (R-WI), Inouye (D-HI), Rockefeller (D-WV) and Danforth (R-MO). The House effort will be spearheaded by Cong. Tom Luken (D-OH). The two provisions most important to our industry (subrogation reform and statute-of-repose) are included in both bills. A massive grass roots effort will be needed, once the bills have been introduced.
- Capital Cost Recovery. This year, NMTBA's principal focus is on repairing the depreciation preference under the alternative minimum tax (AMT), so it does less damage to our members and their customers. Serious problems will arise when the switchover is made to ACE in 1990, unless changes are enacted in 1989. House Ways and Means Committee Chairman Dan Rostenkowski (D-IL) has introduced legislation (H.R. 1761) which ameliorates the immediate ACE conversion problem, but does not attempt to solve the long-range impact of AMT on depreciation.

OTHER LEGISLATIVE PRIORITIES

- o R & D Tax Credit. Cong. Jenkins (D-GA) and Sens. Baucus (D-MT) and Danforth (R-MO) have introduced bills extending the credit beyond its 1989 expiration date, and changing its structure so it is more usable by our members.
- Defense Production Act (DPA). Congress must reauthorize DPA in 1989. NMTBA is are working with Sen. Dixon (D-IL) and Cong. Oakar (D-OH) to explore ways in which DPA can be used to fund specific machine tool projects. In addition, NMTBA is working with Cong. Wyden (D-OR) and the Administration on legislation which will enable our members to establish joint manufacturing facilities. The DPA could be a vehicle for this.
- Section 89. Cong. LaFalce (D-NY) has introduced legislation repealing Section 89. Chairman Rostenkowski has introduced a bill simplifying the complicated maze of tests, which current law requires to "prove" that employee benefit plans are not discriminatory.

MAY 18, 1989

TALKING POINTS

NATIONAL MACHINE TOOL BUILDERS ASSOCIATION

- O THANK YOU FOR INVITING ME HERE THIS MORNING
 TO DISCUSS OUR REPUBLICAN AGENDA.
- O IF IT SEEMS TO MANY OF YOU THAT CONGRESS IS
 OFF TO A SLOW START, WE ARE. BUT WE DO HAVE
 AN AGENDA. AND WE ARE BEGINNING TO MAKE
 PROGRESS.

THE REPUBLICAN AGENDA

EVERY TWO YEARS THE CONGRESS STARTS WITH A 0 CLEAN SLATE AND THE OPPORTUNITY TO RETHINK ITS AGENDA. THIS CONGRESS IS ALSO THE START OF A NEW ADMINISTRATION AND PRESIDENT BUSH HAS REACHED OUT TO BOTH DEMOCRATS AND REPUBLICANS IN CONGRESS SO THAT WE CAN WORK TOGETHER TO SOLVE THE DIFFICULT PROBLEMS CONFRONTING OUR NATION: THE BUDGET DEFICIT; IMPORTANT SOCIAL

CONCERNS, SUCH AS RETIREMENT SECURITY,

HEALTH CARE, EMPLOYEE BENEFITS, CHILD CARE

AND EDUATION; AND, NOT LEAST, OUR NATIONAL

SECURITY.

O ON OUR FIRST DAY IN SESSION, I JOINED WITH A

NUMBER OF MY COLLEAGUES TO INTRODUCE

LEGISLATION MANDATING A BALANCED BUDGET AND

GRANTING THE PRESIDENT ENHANCED RECISSION

AUTHORITY TO COMBAT CONGRESSIONAL SPENDING,

ELIMINATING THE UNFAIR SOCIAL SECURITY

EARNINGS TEST, IMPOSING SANCTIONS ON

COMPANIES WHICH AID IN THE SPREAD OF CHEMICAL

WEAPONS AND PROVIDING FOR CAMPAIGN FINANCE

REFORM. SINCE THEN I HAVE INTRODUCED

LEGISLATION TO DEAL WITH THE RURAL HOSPITAL

CRISIS AND TO IMPLEMENT THE PRESIDENT'S CHILD

CARE INITIATIVES.

THE BUDGET AGREEMENT

- O MORE AND MORE OFTEN, HOWEVER, BUDGET

 DECISIONS ARE SHAPING OUR NATIONAL PRIORITIES.

 THAT IS WHY I SUPPORTED PRESIDENT BUSH'S

 EFFORTS TO BEGIN BUDGET NEGOTIATIONS WITH

 CONGRESSIONAL LEADERS IMMEDIATELY AFTER

 TAKING OFFICE.
- O AND NOW, AFTER NEGOTIATING FOR WELL OVER A
 MONTH, THE PRESIDENT AND CONGRESSIONAL
 LEADERS HAVE AGREED ON A 1990 BUDGET PLAN.

THIS AGREEMENT IS NOT A BOLD PLAN. MOST

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS, ON BOTH SIDES OF THE

AISLE, WISH THAT THIS AGREEMENT HAD GONE

FARTHER AND THAT IT HAD SAVED MORE ON SMOKE

AND MIRRORS.

O SO PERHAPS THE MOST POSITIVE THING THAT CAME
OUT OF THE SUMMIT AGREEMENT WAS THAT THE
NEGOTIATORS DECIDED TO BEGIN NEGOTIATING THE
FISCAL 1991 BUDGET AS SOON AS THEY FINISH WORK
ON THE FISCAL 1990 BUDGET. AND, BELIEVE IT OR
NOT, THE "PRE NEGOTIATIONS" ARE SCHEDULED TO
BEGIN SHORTLY.

O I HOPE THE NEGOTIATORS START BY GOING BACK
AND TAKING A GOOD LOOK AT THE ORIGINAL BUSH
FREEZE PLAN. I REMEMBER GETTING SOME PRETTY
STRONG SUPPORT FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE
FOR MY OWN OUTLAY FREEZE PROPOSAL. IT IS THE
FAIREST AND MOST REASONABLE WAY I'VE SEEN TO
GET EXCESS SPENDING OUT OF THE BUDGET FAST.

O FOR MANY IN WASHINGTON A FREEZE IS A RADICAL CONCEPT. THEY BELIEVE FEDERAL SPENDING SHOULD GROW WITH INFLATION, WHETHER OR NOT WE HAVE THE MONEY TO PAY FOR IT. WELL, AS FAR AS I KNOW THERE IS NO RULE THAT SAYS GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS SHOULD NEVER BE SHRUNK OR ELIMINATED.

BUDGET REFORM

IN ADDITION TO THE BUDGET NUMBERS, I BELIEVE IT IS FINALLY TIME TO INSTITUTE SOME LONG-TERM REFORMS TO FIX OUR BROKEN BUDGET PROCESS. AS I MENTIONED BEFORE, I HAVE INTRODUCED TWO BILLS TO ADDRESS THE PROBLEM OF BUDGET REFORM -- LEGISLATION TO ADD A BALANCED BUDGET AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION AND LEGISLATION TO ENHANCE THE PRESIDENT'S RECISSION AUTHORITY TO CUT PORK BARREL SPENDING.

ANOTHER WAY OF GIVING THE PRESIDENT MORE POWER TO ELIMINATE OVERSPENDING IS THE LINE ITEM VETO. I HAVE NOT SPONSORED LEGISLATION TO GIVE THE PRESIDENT A LINE ITEM VETO, BECAUSE I BELIEVE THAT ARTICLE 1, SECTION 7, CLAUSE 8 OF THE CONSTITUTION MAY ALREADY GIVE THE PRESIDENT THE POWER TO VETO LINE ITEMS IN BILLS SENT TO HIM BY CONGRESS. LENCOURAGE PRESIDENT BUSH TO TEST HIS LINE ITEM VETO POWER EARLY ON HIS TERM AND LET THE COURTS DECIDE WHETHER IT IS CONSTITUTIONAL OR NOT.

O WHATEVER WE DO, WE CANNOT ALLOW ANOTHER

YEAR TO SLIP AWAY WITHOUT SERIOUS ACTION. IT'S

A LONG, ROUGH ROAD, BUT WITH LEADERSHIP AND

PERSERVERENCE, WE CAN MAKE THE HARD CHOICES

AND BRING THE BUDGET DEFICIT INTO LINE.

TAXES

O NOW, I AGREE WITH THE PRESIDENT THAT TO

BALANCE THE BUDGET WE NEED TO LOOK AT

SPENDING CUTS AND NOT NEW TAXES. I DO NOT

BELIEVE THAT TAX INCREASES ARE A SUBSTITUTE

FOR SPENDING RESTRAINT TO REDUCE THE FEDERAL

BUDGET DEFICIT.

O I ALSO BELIEVE THAT KEEPING THE LOWER RATES

ENACTED IN 1986 IS VERY IMPORTANT, BOTH AS AN

ECONOMIC INCENTIVE AND TO CONVINCE

TAXPAYERS THAT OUR TAX LAWS ARE FAIR. IN 1987,

FOR EXAMPLE, I INTRODUCED A RESOLUTION -
LATER ADOPTED BY THE SENATE -- THAT CONGRESS

SHOULD NOT ATTEMPT TO REDUCE THE DEFICIT BY

TAMPERING WITH THE TAX RATES.

CAPITAL GAINS

O THE 1990 BUDGET AGREEMENT CALLS FOR ONLY \$5.3

BILLION IN NEW REVENUES AND AN ADDITIONAL \$500

MILLION IN INCREASED IRS ENFORCEMENT.

TREASURY ESTIMATES THAT THE PRESIDENT'S

CAPITAL GAINS TAX CUT PROPOSAL WOULD RAISE

\$4.8 BILLION OF THAT NEW REVENUE.

O WHILE THE LONG-TERM REVENUE IMPACT OF A

CAPITAL GAINS TAX CUT IS VERY MUCH IN DISPUTE,

EVEN CONGRESSIONAL ECONOMISTS ESTIMATE THAT

THE PRESIDENT'S PROPOSAL RAISES MONEY -- THEY

SAY \$3.3 BILLION IN THE FIRST YEAR.

YEAR. THE CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE WAYS AND
MEANS COMMITTEE HAS INDICATED THAT HE WILL
NOT ACCEPT A CAPITAL GAINS TAX DECREASE
WITHOUT OTHER TAX INCREASES. THIS IS NOT
ACCEPTABLE TO THE PRESIDENT AND IT IS NOT
ACCEPTABLE TO MANY MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

O WHATEVER MEANS ARE FOUND TO RAISE THIS

REVENUE -- CAPITAL GAINS CUTS, LOOPHOLE

CLOSING (AND THE PRESIDENT'S BUDGET DIRECTOR

HAS AFFIRMED THAT LOOPHOLES ARE NOT DUCKS),

OR INCREASED COMPLIANCE -- I BELIEVE THE YOU

WILL FIND THAT WHEN THE PRESIDENT SAID "NO NEW

TAXES", HE MEANT IT.

MINIMUM TAX

O IN ADDITION TO OUR BUDGET DECISIONS, THE

TAX-WRITING COMMITTEES ARE FACED WITH A

NUMBER OF YEAR-END DEADLINES. IF WE DO NOT

ACT THIS YEAR, A NEW MINIMUM TAX PREFERENCE

FOR 75% OF ADJUSTED CURRENT EARNINGS, OR

"ACE", WILL TAKE EFFECT BEGINNING IN 1990. THAT

PREFERENCE IS GENERALLY ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE

UNWORKABLE IN ITS PRESENT FORM -- IN FACT, IT

WAS ENACTED WITH A THREE-YEAR DELAY IN THE

EFFECTIVE DATE TO GIVE CONGRESS AMPLE TIME TO

REVIEW AND AMEND IT. AND WHILE IT IS THE

ELEVENTH HOUR, SOME RESPONSIBILITY FOR OUR

DELAY RESTS WITH THOSE TAXPAYERS WITH A STAKE

IN MINIMUM TAX REFORM WHO HAVE WAITED UNTIL

NOW TO PROVIDE THE NECESSARY INPUT.

O HOWEVER, THE REFORM PROCESS HAS NOW

BEGUN. THE CHAIRMAN OF THE WAYS AND MEANS

COMMITTEE HAS INTRODUCED A BILL WHICH

SIMPLIFIES THE ACE PREFERENCE -- BUT AT THE

COSTS OF FAIRNESS TO TAXPAYERS WHO DO NOT

BENEFIT FROM HIS DEPRECIATION REFORM AND,

POSSIBLY, OF REVENUE NEUTRALITY, AS WELL.

O NEVERTHELESS, THE SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE

WILL CERTAINLY TAKE A CAREFUL LOOK AT ANY

HOUSE-PASSED INITIATIVE, AND WE WILL WORK

INDEPENDENTLY TO RESOLVE THIS ISSUE IN THE

INTERESTS OF BOTH FAIRNESS AND SIMPLICITY.

EXPIRING PROVISIONS

O SIMILIARLY, MANY TAX INCENTIVES -- SUCH AS THE
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT -- EXPIRE
AT THE END OF 1989. THE ADMINISTRATION

HAS INCLUDED A PERMANENT R&D TAX CREDIT IN ITS BUDGET PROPOSALS, AND LEGISLATION HAS BEEN INTRODUCED WHICH WOULD BOTH EXTEND AND IMPROVE THE CREDIT TO PROVIDE A MORE UNIFORM RESEARCH INCENTIVE TO BOTH ESTABLISHED FIRMS AND START-UP ENTERPRISES. THAT LEGISLATION NOW HAS 30 SENATE COSPONSORS, AND WILL CLEARLY RECEIVE CAREFUL ATTENTION IN THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

SECTION 89

THE ADMINISTRATIVE BURDENS IMPOSED ON HEALTH
AND WELFARE BENEFIT PLANS BY SECTION 89 OF
THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. I HAVE RECEIVED
LETTERS FROM BUSINESSMEN ACROSS THE STATE
WHO ARE SIMILARLY CONCERNED. IN MOST CASES,
THESE COMPLAINTS ARE JUSTIFIED.

O ACCORDINGLY, A MAJORITY OF THE MEMBERS OF
CONGRESS NOW FAVOR RELIEF FROM SECTION 89.
EVEN THE DEMOCRATIC CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE
WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE, WHO REPEATEDLY
DEFENDED SECTION 89 IN THE PAST, HAS NOW
INTRODUCED SIMPLIFICATION LEGISLATION.

O OBVIOUSLY, THIS MOVE IS IN PART A RECOGNITION
OF THE POLITICAL REALITIES. DURING DEBATE ON
THE MINIMUM WAGE LEGISLATION, THE SENATE
VOTED 98-0 FOR A RESOLUTION CALLING ON THE
HOUSE TO REPEAL OR SUBSTANTIALLY SIMPLIFY
SECTION 89.

O IN ADDITION, IN RESPONSE TO A LETTER SIGNED BY
SENATOR SYMMS, MYSELF AND OTHER CONCERNED
SENATORS, TREASURY HAS DELAYED THE START-UP
DATE FOR SECTION 89 COMPLIANCE UNTIL OCTOBER
1 AND HAS PLEDGED TO WORK WITH THE CONGRESS
TO DEVISE WORKABLE RULES.

INDEED, IN TESTIMONY GIVEN LAST WEEK BEFORE THE SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE, TREASURY REPRESENTATIVES STATED THAT THE STAFF IS FOCUSING ON THE AVAILABILITY OF COVERAGE AS ITS BASIC APPROACH TO SECTION 89. IN ADDITION, IT IS SPECIFICALLY ADDRESSING THE PROBLEMS OF INADVERTENT OR MINIMAL NONCOMPLIANCE, THE TREATMENT OF SALARY REDUCTION PLANS AND THE SPECIAL NEEDS OF SMALL BUSINESSES.

O THE AIM OF SECTION 89 -- TO DENY A FEDERAL TAX
SUBSIDY TO DISCRIMINATORY BENEFIT PLANS -- IS
VALID. HOWEVER, THE PRICE OF THE CURRENT
RULES IN TERMS OF COMPLEXITY AND BURDENS ON
AMERICAN BUSINESS IS CLEARLY TOO HIGH.

PRODUCT LIABILITY

I SHARE YOUR CONCERNS ABOUT THE MUSHROOMING "LIABILITY CRISIS" IN THIS COUNTRY. THE TREND TOWARD LARGER AND LARGER JURY AWARDS AND NO FAULT LIABILITY IS RAISING THE COST OF INSURANCE -- OFTEN TO UNAFFORDABLE LEVELS -- AND FORCING CUT BACKS IN OPERATIONS AND JOBS. ALL OF THIS MEANS HIGHER PRICES AND SCARCITIES OF GOODS AND SERVICES FOR THE AMERICAN CONSUMER.

- O MY OWN STATE OF KANSAS HAS TAKEN THE LEAD IN

 TORT REFORM LEGISLATION, AND GOVERNOR

 HAYDEN IS NOW ATTEMPTING TO OVERCOME

 CONSTITUTIONAL HURDLES TO ITS IMPLEMENTATION.
- O FEDERAL TORT REFORM LEGISLATION WILL

 CERTAINLY COME BEFORE THE SENATE IN THIS

 CONGRESS AND BE FULLY DEBATED. IN FACT

 SENATOR McCONNELL WILL INTRODUCE

 LEGISLATION ESTABLISHING NATIONAL PRODUCT

 LIABILITY STANDARDS EARLY NEXT MONTH.

CONCLUSION

O SO YOU CAN SEE THAT OUR REPUBLICAN AGENDA
ENCOMPASSES A BROAD SPECTRUM OF ISSUES
FROM ECONOMIC RESPONSIBILITY AND SPENDING
RESTRAINT TO LOOKING OUT FOR CHILDREN, THE
ELDERLY, THE SICK AND THE POOR, FROM INTEGRITY
AND COMPASSION AT HOME TO STRENGTH ABROAD.

- O AND CLEARLY, WE NEED THE HELP OF THE PRIVATE

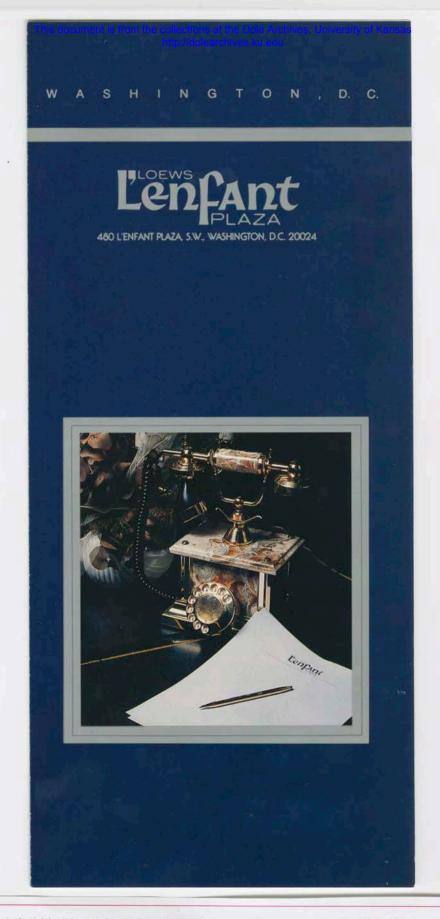
 SECTOR -- OF ALL OF YOU -- IN ACCOMPLISHING

 THESE GOALS. YOU HAVE BEEN AN ESSENTIAL PART

 OF OUR SUCCESSES IN THE PAST, AND I HOPE THAT

 YOU WILL CONTINUE TO WORK WITH US IN THE

 FUTURE.
- O THANK YOU.



This document is held by the Dole Archives, but it has not been scanned in its entirety. If you would like more information, please contact us at dolearchives@ku.edu.

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Janie S. Galloway

Janie S. Galloway Administrator; Manager Information Services

Elwood H. Hasemann Exhibition Director

C. Christopher Kelly Controller

Charles G. Koella International Trade Director

Public Affairs Director

Charles Pollock Public Relations Director

James L. Wallbeoff, Jr. Training Director WELCOME TO WASHINGTON!

Enclosed for your information is a summary of NMTBA's 1989 Government Relations Activities and four "one-pagers," each briefly stating NMTBA's position on a number of issues which are currently hot topics on Capitol Hill.

Please review each of the papers. They should prove useful in your discussions with members of Congress and their staff at NMTBA's Spring Meeting. If you have any questions relating to any of the issues, please feel free to buttonhole NMTBA's Public Affairs Department staff members.

I am delighted you came to Washington!

Sincerely,

Albert W. Moore President

AWM/dqk

May, 1989

TOP ADMINISTRATION PRIORITIES

- The Administration has successfully completed negotiations with the Taiwanese concerning their shipments of machines to the United States in excess of their 1987 VRA quotas (during the time that Commerce did not have enforcement authority). The Taiwanese admitted the overages and have agreed to schedule their repayment. A total of 701 machines will be deducted from their 1989 through 1991 quotas, to be spread relatively equally across the three years. The U.S. agreed to "forgive" an additional 30 machining centers, which were shipped in excess of the 1987 quotas. The Taiwanese agreed that any overages from 1988 will be deducted over the next three years with no "forgiveness." It appears that approximately 500 machines were shipped from Taiwan in excess of the 1988 quotas -- mostly milling machines and non-NC lathes.
- The U.S. position in the COCOM list review for machine tools is still undetermined. Commerce is supporting a TAC position relaxing controls on the number of allowable axes, but tightening up on allowable parameters of repeatability and accuracy. The Defense Department is proposing to add items to the control list which were removed 15 or more years ago. The initial U.S. position is to not automatically reject a German proposal, which closely resembles that put forth by the TAC. The ultimate conflict between the Commerce and Defense Departments must still be resolved at the NSC level.
- Through NMTBA's efforts, the Air Force MANTECH Program issued a PRDA directing \$9.9 million towards specific machine tool R & D projects. The MANTECH PRDA received 84 responses from machine tool builders of which 32 will receive Phase I funding this year. NMTBA is also working with the Army and Navy to determine whether MANTECH funding can be made available from them for additional projects. On the Congressional front, NMTBA is working to assure that FY 1990 funding is available for continuing MANTECH involvement in machine tool industry projects.
- o NMTBA staff is exploring ways that DARPA could fund joint research projects, which would benefit the manufacturing technology industry and its customer base. We are also working with Sens. Glenn (D-OH) and Danforth (R-MO) on proposals to better coordinate federal funding of civilian R & D, so that it better enhances U.S. competitiveness.
- The Italian Machine Tool Industry thinks they have found a way around the Congressional prohibition against DoD purchases of foreign machine tools for use in DoD facilities. NMTBA is working with several congressional offices to secure a GAO audit of this matter -- both in the interest of two of our members on the specific case and to prevent future abuses.

TOP LEGISLATIVE PRIORITIES

- o Product Liability Reform. A bipartisan bill is about to be introduced in the Senate by Sens. Kasten (R-WI), Inouye (D-HI), Rockefeller (D-WV) and Danforth (R-MO). The House effort will be spearheaded by Cong. Tom Luken (D-OH). The two provisions most important to our industry (subrogation reform and statute-of-repose) are included in both bills. A massive grass roots effort will be needed, once the bills have been introduced.
- Capital Cost Recovery. This year, NMTBA's principal focus is on repairing the depreciation preference under the alternative minimum tax (AMT), so it does less damage to our members and their customers. Serious problems will arise when the switchover is made to ACE in 1990, unless changes are enacted in 1989. House Ways and Means Committee Chairman Dan Rostenkowski (D-IL) has introduced legislation (H.R. 1761) which ameliorates the immediate ACE conversion problem, but does not attempt to solve the long-range impact of AMT on depreciation.

OTHER LEGISLATIVE PRIORITIES

- o R & D Tax Credit. Cong. Jenkins (D-GA) and Sens. Baucus (D-MT) and Danforth (R-MO) have introduced bills extending the credit beyond its 1989 expiration date, and changing its structure so it is more usable by our members.
- O Defense Production Act (DPA). Congress must reauthorize DPA in 1989. NMTBA is are working with Sen. Dixon (D-IL) and Cong. Oakar (D-OH) to explore ways in which DPA can be used to fund specific machine tool projects. In addition, NMTBA is working with Cong. Wyden (D-OR) and the Administration on legislation which will enable our members to establish joint manufacturing facilities. The DPA could be a vehicle for this.
- Section 89. Cong. LaFalce (D-NY) has introduced legislation repealing Section 89. Chairman Rostenkowski has introduced a bill simplifying the complicated maze of tests, which current law requires to "prove" that employee benefit plans are not discriminatory.

AMERICA'S NATIONAL SECURITY AND ECONOMIC SECURITY REQUIRE STRENGTHENED R&D BY AMERICA'S MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY INDUSTRY

The health of the United States manufacturing technology industry affects America's national and economic security. Research and development are vital to maintaining the industry's competitive edge both domestically and abroad.

The manufacturing technology industry is perhaps the most essential element within our defense readiness system. It builds the equipment that supports and sustains American defense requirements in peacetime and in times of conflict. One of the keys to the industry's maintenance of national security is a strong, national commitment to research and development.

The U.S. manufacturing technology industry has been substantially affected by rapid advances in technology and in manufacturing processes -- particularly with regard to computer-assisted design and manufacturing. Thus, expenditures for research and development are the lifeblood of the industry. In order to compete effectively in the global marketplace, the industry must retain the ability to continue and increase its R&D expenditures. Without it, the industry cannot survive, and national security will be threatened.

The state of the manufacturing technology industry not only affects this country's national security, but it affects our economic security as well. Its products are the very essence of the industrial manufacturing process — the "master tools of production." If this industry is put at a technological disadvantage and America becomes dependent upon foreign sources, the ultimate loser will be America's entire manufacturing sector. Should the U.S. manufacturing industry become dependent upon foreign sources of manufacturing technology, America will be held hostage to the levels of manufacturing technology foreigners choose to sell to the United States. The latest in foreign manufacturing technology will be sold to foreign manufacturing firms. American firms will be sold yesterday's manufacturing technology. The result will be a permanently less productive and less competitive American manufacturing base.

Research and development expenditures in the manufacturing technology industry should be viewed as an investment in the future. The best manufacturing technologies <u>must</u> be developed in America, if the United States is going to compete in the global market.

3/31/89

March 21, 1989

Congress Should Revise The ACE Depreciation Adjustment

Beginning in 1990, a corporation's alternative minimum taxable income (AMTI) will be increased by 75% of the excess of adjusted current earnings (ACE) over AMTI. For purposes of determining ACE, a taxpayer will compute its depreciation allowance using the straight-line method over an asset's ADR midpoint (or using the taxpayer's book method if it yields a lower present value of depreciation deductions).

1. A Bomb About to Blow Up

The ACE depreciation system is inordinately complex. As a result of the new ACE depreciation system, corporations will have different tax bases, different gains and losses, and even different costs of goods sold for ACE purposes than they have for book, regular tax or AMTI purposes. The present value rule is almost impossible, if not impossible, to apply in certain circumstances.

The complexity of the ACE rules and taxpayers' uncertainty as to amounts of future profits and investments make it difficult for taxpayers to estimate the impact of ACE. But when they see the ACE depreciation in operation and the magnitude of the adjustments resulting from the problems discussed below, we are likely to see a blowup similar to the one over autologs.

2. Retroactivity

Under the ACE depreciation system, taxpayers must recover their remaining bases on pre-1990 vintage assets over a new straight-line recovery period. This is a radical departure from the traditional rule that cutbacks in depreciation are applied only prospectively to new vintages of property. The traditional rule prevented a sudden decline in total depreciation allowances as a result of the deceleration of depreciation methods. The traditional rule should be followed unless the bases of pre-1980 property are restated as if ACE had always applied.

3. Major Cutback in Depreciation

The movement to straight-line depreciation over the ADR midpoint (or longer) is a cutback in depreciation to levels below those which have been permitted since the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 was adopted. There is general agreement that depreciation of most assets occurs more rapidly than on a straight-line basis. Thus, there can be little rationale for

requiring straight-line depreciation. This is a depreciation issue. For many taxpayers the minimum tax is the corporate tax particularly if the ACE rules are not modified. If corporate profits decline (because of a recession or otherwise), it will be the tax system for many more taxpayers.

This cutback comes on the heels of the major cutbacks in 1986. Operating together, the cutbacks provide taxpayers with substantially less depreciation in 1990-1994 than they would be able to claim if they had always used the same depreciation system.

4. Revenue Consideration

Because of structural problems with the ACE depreciation adjustment and similar problems with other ACE adjustments, ACE is likely to raise substantially more money than was anticipated in 1986 and more money than the BURP adjustment would raise. While this revenue "windfall" will become part of the budget baseline and the Joint Committee on Taxation is likely to assign revenue loss figures for repairing ACE, revenue losses that reduce the windfall should be viewed qualitatively different from other revenue losses and should be more tolerable.

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THE CURRENT PRODUCT LIABILITY SYSTEM: A SERIOUS IMPEDIMENT TO THE PRODUCTIVITY AND COMPETITIVENESS OF U.S. MACHINE TOOL MANUFACTURERS

Last year, a bipartisan 30-12 majority of the House Energy and Commerce Committee approved a compromise product liability reform bill. This marked the first time ever that a product liability bill was voted favorably out of a House committee. In 1986, 84 U.S. Senators voted to consider liability reform, but the Bill was withdrawn because of an end-of-the-session filibuster. This year, product liability reform legislation will be introduced in both the House and the Senate similar to that introduced in the 99th and 100th Congresses. They will be fair and balanced bills, which, if adopted, will stabilize insurance rates and substantially reduce transaction costs -- a development which, unquestionably, will allow domestic manufacturers to compete more effectively in this country and abroad.

The fact is that by 1992, when Europe adopts a truly integrated economic system, the product liability law of Italy will be closer to the law of France than the law of Ohio will be to the law of Michigan. A uniform federal product liability law will enable U.S. manufacturers to know the rules, so they will be able to make their products safer.

The current product liability system fosters confusion, unfairness, and wasteful transaction costs; serves as a cruel lottery for both claimants and manufacturers, providing high rewards for some and economic deprivation for others, depending more upon geography than justice; and as a general rule, provides disproportionate enrichment for lawyers on both sides of the counsel table.

This is primarily due to the fact that the rules determining the liability of product sellers for product-related injuries have been developed almost exclusively by state court judges on a case-by-case basis. As a result, the litigation process is characterized by uncertainty. Courts adopt new -- and often conflicting -- rules virtually on a daily basis.

How does all of this affect the machine tool industry's ability to compete in the international marketplace? Part of a machine tool manufacturer's cost is product liability insurance — and, along with any other cost of doing business, it is reflected in the price of the finished product. The retroactive and arbitrary creation of new law creates a totally unstable insurance environment which has resulted in a genuine and severe crisis for U.S. manufacturers. Results of NMTBA's l4th Annual Product Liability Survey indicate that 21% of our members have no product liability insurance and that they and/or their insurers could reduce their product liability costs by two-thirds, through the adoption of a federal liability containing subrogation reform and a 25-year statute-of-repose.

Spiraling product liability costs have put U.S. manufacturers at a competitive disadvantage, because the United States is only a partial market for most foreign machine tool builders, and because product liability rules in foreign countries are much less cumbersome and significantly more uniform and defense-oriented than in the United States. As a result, the product liability costs of foreign machine tool builders are substantially less than those of their domestic counterparts.

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Perhaps more importantly, our product liability insurance costs are significantly affected by our older products. Under product liability law today in the majority of states, our potential liability for products is endless -- literally "forever." Machine tools that are decades old have been the subject of product liability lawsuits!

While NMTBA members almost always win these lawsuits, the litigation nevertheless results in unnecessarily high legal and transaction costs. Insurers know this, and factor it into our premiums.

Foreign machine tool manufacturers, on the other hand, do not have product liability exposure on their older products, because their penetration into the U.S. market has been relatively recent. Therefore, their product liability insurance costs often are much lower than ours.

Product liability reform would provide a 25-year statute-of-repose for machine tools and other capital goods which cause traumatic injuries to claimants eligible for workers' compensation. Over 40% of our industry's claims, which today result in untold defense costs, would be eliminated by a 25-year statute-of-repose.

Another element of the current system fosters unfairness and unsafe workplaces. In most states, employers are able to shift their workers' compensation costs onto the manufacturers or workplace products — even when the injury was caused by the employer's own negligence. This is unfair to manufacturers and — most importantly — provides little incentive for safer workplaces. Product liability reform eliminates this cost-shifting and assures that the responsibility for the safe operation of industrial equipment falls on employers, who are in the best position to prevent most industrial accidents.

Defense costs account for a considerable portion of the insurance-differential burden borne by U.S. manufacturers. For example, general liability defense costs alone were \$2.7 billion in 1984 -- an amount higher than the entire 1987 production of the U.S. machine tool industry! In other words, American industry is forced to spend more on lawyers each year than it spends on new machine tools to improve productivity and competitiveness.

Moreover, the most recent Insurance Services Office (ISO) closed claims study that for every \$6 paid out to claimants by insurance companies for product liability, another \$7 is paid for lawyers and other transaction costs.

Enactment of a federal product liability statute would eliminate much of the uncertainty which currently surrounds product liability law and which leads to much costly litigation. Courts would no longer be able to impose liability in cases where risks were unknowable at the time of manufacture or where there was no feasible way to make useful products safer. Damages occasioned by alteration or misuse would be reduced proportionately. The "deep pocket" effect of joint and several liability would be made more fair. The punitive damages system would be made more rational by adopting a tough standard of liability and by establishing separate proceedings for determining liability and the amount of punitive damages

NMTBA 4/21/89

DoD Manufacturing Technology Program

RDT&E Portion of Program Element 7.8011F (Industrial Preparedness)

The productivity and responsiveness of our defense industrial base is a key element of our national security and military posture. Our industrial base serves both as a deterrent to aggression and if that deterrent fails, provides the material necessary to fight and win a war. The U.S. industrial base has experienced alarming deterioration over the last six or seven years and increased dependence on foreign suppliers for defense equipment endangers the nation's ability to sustain a military conflict.

The Dod Manufacturing Technology program has a proven track record of creation of new manufacturing technologies that have provided major increases in the productivity, quality, competitiveness and responsiveness of the U.S. industrial base. The program is conducted by direct contracts with prime contractors, subcontractors, vendors, universities and independent research institutions to assure the broadest possible base of development.

The "MANTECH" program has had a series of success stories over the years. The most significant is the development of numerically controlled machine tools. This development has saved the Defense Department billions of dollars in metal removal costs over the last 20 years, and has made possible the manufacture of many of our most advanced weapon systems. This technology has also been transferred to the nations non-defense manufacturing industries. Other significant accomplishments are the development of the first automated equipment for manufacturing new generations of composite materials, it stimulated the nation's awareness of the importance of reducing the cost of the "non-touch" portions of manufacturing and it provided the first implementations of flexible automation in U.S. factories. The program also provided for the development of an advanced nondestructive inspection technique for turbine engine components that is calculated to save the Air Force approximately \$1 billion. Recognizing the importance of this program and its record of cost savings, a knowledgeable panel of members of the Defense Science Board that was performing a study on "Industrial Responsiveness," recommended increased emphasis on the DoD Manufacturing Technology program and that it be funded at 1% of the DoD procurement budget, or approximately \$1 billion per year. In recent years, the total program has been funded in the range of \$150-\$190 million.

For reasons of national security, President Reagan directed the Department of Defense to execute a plan to help revitalize the U.S. machine tool industry which is recognized as the keystone element of our manufacturing base. As a result of the Presidential directive, a major "thrust area," or major area of focus, for machine tool development has been established within the Air Force Manufacturing Technology program. The Air Force has been designated as the "lead service" for this major area of focus. The objective of this major area of focus is to identify, define and prioritize those

research, development and implementation tasks which will be performed by the machine tool industry and its customers — the manufacturing industries of the United States. The ultimate objective of this program is to develop new and improved machine tools, manufacturing processes and techniques that will permit manufacture of defense systems "quicker, better and cheaper." It is also expected that much of this advanced manufacturing technology can be transferred to the commercial sector of our industrial base and will help improve its competitiveness in the international marketplace. This effort is considered to be of vital importance to the revitalization of the U.S. machine tool industry and to improve the productivity and responsiveness of the defense industrial base.

To initiate this directed program, the Air Force on June 24, 1988 published in the Commerce Business Daily, a program Research and Development Announcement (PRDA) that basically requested proposals to develop and produce new and improved "next generation" machine tools, manufacturing processes and production equipment.

Industry responded with 85 proposals. After careful evaluation, approximately 50 of these proposals were selected to be funded subject to the availability of appropriations. The present available funds (\$9.9 million) could provide money to fund all phases of approximately 12 of these projects or Phase I (the highest risk phase) of about 30 of them. If additional appropriations are not provided in FY 90/91, the remaining proposals will not be funded and additional PRDAs cannot be initiated as planned by the Air Force.

The Air Force portion of the FY 90 RDT&E budget request for program element 7.8011F (Industrial Preparedness), which will provide funding for the Air Force Manufacturing Technology program, has been decreased to \$71 million. This reduction is a \$26 million decrease from the FY 89 appropriation for the program — this sharp reduction in the Air Force program will not permit continuation of the directed machine tool revitalization effort.

Considering the vital importance of revitalization of the U.S. machine tool industry to the defense industrial base and to national security, it is strongly recommended the FY 90 Air Force Manufacturing Technology funding be increased to a minimum of \$95 million for FY 90 to permit continuation of the machine tool program.

It is recognized that it will be necessary to reduce or eliminate many Defense programs as a result of major reductions in the Defense budget. However, the DoD Manufacturing Technology program has demonstrated over the years an auditable payback of 5 to 1 in the reduction of the manufacturing costs of defense weapon systems. It, therefore, appears logical that programs that have shown they can reduce defense manufacturing costs should be <u>increased</u> not decreased during periods of reduced defense funding.



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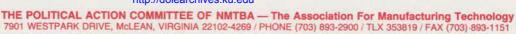
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MACHINE TOOLPAC SILENT AUCTION



Spring is finally here and so is NMTBA's 87th Spring Meeting. We are pleased you could join us in the Nation's Capitol for a very interesting program of events.

One of them will include your Association's Political Action Committee's silent auction to be held from 6:00 - 7:00 p.m. on the evening of Thursday, May 18, 1989.

Here is how the auction works. Your initial \$100 pledge to MACHINE TOOPAC will "buy" \$1,000 in play money. You will also receive a "grab bag" envelope containing an additional amount of play money -- anywhere from \$5 to \$1,000. Each additional \$50 pledge to MACHINE TOOLPAC "buys" you another \$1,000 in play money and another envelope from the "grab bag." You then use the play money to bid on as many prizes as you wish in the Silent Auction.

Take a moment to look over the following list of prizes that will be at the auction. You may bid on as few or as many as you like. There is no limit.

In the interest of saving time, if you have not already given approval for MACHINE TOOLPAC to solicit you and your company exectives, you may wish to fill out the attached approval form before arriving at the auction. Come ready to win!!

We look forward to seeing you at this and all the other functions!

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DESCRIPTION OF PRIZES

Item Number and Description

 Two round trip tickets on United Airlines to anywhere in the continental United States

[Restrictions include the following: Must be used before December 18, 1989; non-refundable; non-transferrable; non-extendible; non-changeable; purchaser responsible for taxes; no mileage plus credit; cannot be used with other discount coupons; blackout dates are major holidays.]

2. A Steuben favorite since 1940, the "Apple" is not only a celebrated presentation piece, but a traditional gift of love. (Height 4"; Width 3-1/2")



- 3. Canvas Tote Bag with Congressional Seal
- 4. Business Cardcase with Congressional Seal
- 5. Brass Key Chain
- 6. Business Card Holder with Congressional Seal
- 7. U.S. Congress Junior Legal Binder
- 8. U.S. Congress Portfolio
- 9. Cloth Congressional Coasters, Set of 4
- 10. U.S. Congress Coasters, Set of 6
- 11. Blue & Gold Highball Glasses with Congressional Seal, Set of 6
- 12. Key Chain with Congressional Seal
- 13. Congressional Book Marker
- 14. Gold & White Coffee Mug with Congressional Seal
- 15. Imprinted Mug with Eagle
- 16. Bicentennial Napkins, Set of 4
- 17. Blue-Striped Congressional Tie
- 18. Red-Striped Congressional Tie
- 19. Trivet with Congressional Seal
- 20. Image Mirror with Congressional Seal
- 21. Candy Dish with Congressional Seal
- 22. Candy Jar with Congressional Seal
- 23. U.S. Congress Bicentennial Mug
- 24. Tie Tac with Eagle
- 25. Coaster with Congressional Seal
- 26. Congressional Letter Opener
- 27. Letter Opener with Congressional Seal
- 28. Round Cufflinks with Congressional Seal
- 29. Square Cufflinks with Congressional Seal



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THE POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE OF NMTBA — The Association For Manufacturing Technology 7901 WESTPARK DRIVE, McLEAN, VIRGINIA 22102-4269 / PHONE (703) 893-2900 / TLX 353819 / FAX (703) 893-1151



MACHINE TOOLPAC SOLICITATION AUTHORIZATION

This is to a	uthorize MAC	HINE TOOLPAC	to solicit the	
Executives a	ind/or Shareh	olders of my	company during:	
	1989 a	nd 1990		
OR				
	1989 o	nly.		
		NAME		
		TITLE		_
		COMPANY		
		DATE		



Fine Dining

in

Washington, DC

To enhance your stay in Washington, D.C., attached is a listing of fine restaurants to meet your palate and your pocketbook.

The list below features some "local" restaurants near the hotel recommended by the hotel concierge:

French Bistro

La Colline

40 North Capitol Street, NW

Washington, D.C.

Telephone: 737-0400 Reservations Required

Business Attire Moderately Priced

Seafood

Tony & Joes Seafood Restaurant

3000 K Street, NW Washington, D.C.

Telephone: 944-4545 Reservations Suggested

Casual Attire Moderately Priced

Irish Pub

The Dubliner Restaurant & Pub

520 North Capitol St., NW

Washington, D.C.

Telephone: 737-3773

Reservations Suggested

Casual Attire Moderately Priced

Other Information:

There is a new cafeteria in the Smithsonian Air and Space Museum for those of you who want a convenient, inexpensive way to dine while exploring the arts. The "Flight Line Cafeteria" is located on the first floor of that building.

THE CAPITOL HILL CLUB

Mr. James Mack, Director of the NMTBA Public Affairs Department, has made arrangements for conference attendees to dine at the historical Capitol Hill Club if they desire.

Should you wish to have breakfast, lunch or dinner at the Club, call for reservations at the number listed below. When you arrive at the Club, go to the Front Desk and ask the desk clerk to issue a Guest Pass for that meal. Be prepared to offer some form of identification showing you are with the NMTBA Conference. Your badge or a copy of the program will suffice.

The Capitol Hill Club 300 1st Street, S.E. Washington, D.C.

(within walking distance of Rayburn House Office Building)

Telephone: 484-4590

Breakfast: 7:30 am - 9:30 am Lunch: 11:30 am - 2:30 pm Dinner: 6:00 pm - 10:00 pm

Cash or American Express accepted for payment

RESERVATIONS REQUIRED

The 50 Best at a Glance

RESTAURANT	RATING	CUISINE	PRICE RANGE
L'Auberge Chez François (332 Springvale Rd., Great Falls; 759-3800)	***	French	SS
Bacchus (1827 Jefferson Pl., NW; 785-0734)	**	Lebanese	5
Bacchus-Bethesda (7945 Norfolk Ave., Bethesda; 657-1722)	**	Lebanese	\$
Bamiyan (3320 M St., NW; 338-1896)	*	Afghan	5
Bamiyan II (300 King St., Alexandria; 548-9006)	*	Afghan	\$
Bangkok Gourmet (523 S. 23rd St., Arlington; 521-1305)	**	Thai	S
Bombay Palace (1835 K St., NW; 331-0111)	**	Indian	\$5
Le Caprice (2348 Wisconsin Ave., NW; 337-3394)	***	French	SS
La Chaumière (2813 M St., NW; 338-1784)	***	French	\$\$
China Coral (6900 Wisconsin Ave., Bethesda; 656-1203)	**	Chinese	5
China Inn (631 H St., NW; 842-0909)	***	Chinese	(
La Colline (400 N. Capitol St., NW; 737-0400)	****	French	\$5
Crisfield (8012 Georgia Ave., Silver Spring; 589-1306)	***	Seafood	5
Dar Es Salam (3056 M St., NW; 342-1925)	**	Moroccan	SS
Enriqueta's-Georgetown (2811 M St., NW; 338-7772)	**	Mexican	5
Galileo (2014 P St., NW; 293-7191)	**	Italian	\$55
Le Gaulois (2133 Pennsylvania Ave., NW; 466-3232)	***	French	SS
Hisago (3050 K St., NW; 944-4181)	**	Japanese	\$\$5
Hunan Chinatown (624 H St., NW; 783-5858)	**	Chinese	
Japan Inn (1715 Wisconsin Ave., NW; 337-3400)	*	Japanese	5
Katmandu (1800 Connecticut Ave., NW; 483-6470)	*	Nepali/Kashmir	i \$
Le Lion d'Or (1150 Connecticut Ave., NW; 296-7972)	****	French	\$55
Madurai (3318 M St., NW; 333-0997)	*	Vegetarian	
Mel Krupin's (1120 Connecticut Ave., NW; 331-7000)	***	American	\$55
Meskerem (2434 18th St., NW; 462-4100)	*	Ethiopian	(
Mixtec (1792 Columbia Rd., NW; 332-1011)	*	Mexican	(
Morton's of Chicago (3251 Prospect St., NW; 342-6258)	***	American	\$\$5
New Orleans Emporium (2477 18th St., NW; 328-3421)	**	Cajun	\$3
Nizam's (523 Maple Ave. W., Vienna; 938-8948)	*	Turkish	
O'Brien's Pit Barbecue (1314 E. Gude Dr., Rockville; 340-8596)	*	Texas barbecue	
O'Brien's-Bethesda (7305 Waverly St., Bethesda; 654-9004)	*	Texas barbecue	
O'Brien's-Springfield (6820 Commerce St., Springfield; 569-7801)	*	Texas barbecue	(
Occidental (1475 Pennsylvania Ave., NW; 783-1475)	**	American	S:
Occidental Grill (1475 Pennsylvania Ave., NW; 783-1475)	**	American	
Old Ebbitt Grill (675 15th St., NW; 347-4800)	*	American	\$3
Omega (1858 Columbia Rd., NW; 745-9158)	**	Cuban	
Las Pampas (3291 M St., NW; 333-5151)	**	Argentine	
Le Pavillon (1050 Connecticut Ave., NW; 833-3846)	****	French	SSS
Prime Rib (2020 K St., NW; 466-8811)	*	American	SS
Primi Piatti (2013 I St., NW; 223-3600)	**	Italian	S
Queen Bee (3181 Wilson Blvd., Arlington; 527-3444)	*	Vietnamese	
Red Sea (2463 18th St., NW; 483-5000)	*	Ethiopian	
Soraya (1639 Wisconsin Ave., NW; 333-7538)	*	Cambodian	
Sushi-Ko (2309 Wisconsin Ave., NW; 333-4187)	**	Japanese	
Szechuan (6151St., NW; 393-0130)	***	Chinese	
Szechuan Gallery (617 H St., NW; 898-1180)	*	Chinese	
Tandoor-Georgetown (3316 M St., NW; 333-3376)	*	Indian	
Thai Taste (2606 Connecticut Ave., NW; 387-8876)	*	Thai	
Tony Cheng's Mongolian Restaurant (619 H St., NW: 842-8669)	**	Chinese	
	***	Italian seafood	SS
Vincenzo (1606 20th St., NW; 667-0047) Quality: * * * * excellent: * * * superior: * * very good: * good. Price range: \$\$\$			

SPEAK UP!

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NMTBA'S 87TH SPRING MEETING

BUSINESS PROGRAM SPEAK UP!

May 17-19, 1989 Washington, D.C.

Please circle your rating for the following:	Exc5_	4_	Avg.	_2_	Poor 1
BUSINESS PROGRAM					
Thursday, May 18, 1989					
Breakfast:					
Food & Beverage	5	4	3	2	1
Welcoming Address Cong. Lynn Martin (R-IL)	5	4	3	2	1
GOP Congressional Agenda Senator Bob Dole (R-KS)	5	4	3	2	1
First General Session:					
Opening Ceremonies	5	4	3	2	1
Call to Order and Report of the Chairman James A. D. Geier	5	4	3	2	1
Keynote Address Robert Mosbacher Secretary of Commerce	5	4	3	2	1
Ways & Means Committee Panel Cong. Barbara Kennelly (D-CT) Cong. Richard Schulze (R-PA)	5	4	3	2	1
Tax, Trade & Competitiveness Issues Senator Jack Danforth (R-MO)	5	4	3	2	1
Luncheon:					
Food & Beverage	5	4	3	2	1
Address by Chairman, House Armed Services Committee Cong. Les Aspin (D-WI)	5	4	3	2	1

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	Exc.	_4_	Avg.	_2_	Poor
First General Session: (cont'd)					
Machine Tool Domestic Action Plan Edward Levy Section 232, Program Manager Industrial Resources Administration Department of Commerce	5	4	3	2	1
Army Needs Assessment Darold L. Griffin Deputy Chief of Staff for Production Army Material Command	5	4	3	2	1
Navy Needs Assessment Captain H. O. Ruppmann, USN Naval Regional Contracting Office Washington Naval Yard	5	4	3	2	1
Air Force Needs Assessment John S. Srnec Maintenance Deputy for Quality and Industrial Equipment Air Force Logistics Command	5	4	3	2	1
Friday, May 19, 1989					
Breakfast:					
Food & Beverage	5	4	3	2	1
House Democratic Agenda Honorable Jim Wright Speaker, U.S. House of Representatives (D-TX)	5	4	3	2	1
Second General Session:					
Senate Democratic Agenda Senator Alan Dixon (D-IL)	5	4	3	2	1
Product Liability Senator Bob Kasten (R-WI)	5	4	3	2	1
Cong. Thomas A. Luken (D-OH)	5	4	3	2	1
Competitiveness Senator Don Riegle (D-MI)	5	4	3	2	1

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	Exc.	_4_	Avg.	_2_	Poor
Export Controls Dennis Kloske Undersecretary of Commerce- Designate for Export Administration	5	4	3	2	1
Report of the President Albert W. Moore	5	4	3	2	1
Luncheon:					
Food & Beverage	5	4	3	2	1
Where Do We Go From Here? Senator John Heinz (R-PA)	5	4	3	2	1
SOCIAL EVENTS					
Wednesday, May 17, 1989					
Welcoming Reception Food & Beverage Entertainment	5 5	4 4	3	2 2	1
Thursday, May 18, 1989					
MACHINE TOOLPAC Silent Auction	5	4	3	2	1
Reception Food & Beverage	5	4	3	2	1
Dinner/Dance Food & Beverage Special Presentation & Music	5 5	4 4	3	2 2	1

- 4 -

	Exc.	_4_	Avg.	_2_	Poor
LOEWS L'ENFANT PLAZA HOTEL					
Hotel Facilities Hotel Service Hotel Food/Beverages	5 5 5	4 4 4	3 3 3	2 2 2	1 1 1
GENERAL COMMENTS:					
				<u> </u>	
WHAT WAS THE BEST PART OF THE MEETING?					
WHAT SUBJECT(S) WOULD YOU LIKE DISCUSSED	AT FUTU	RE MEE	TINGS?_		
WHAT SPEAKER(S) WOULD YOU RECOMMEND FOR A GENERAL SUBJECT AREA)	FUTURE	MEETI	NG? (INDICA	\TE
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May 17-19, 1989

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