MARCH 6, 1989

TO:

SENATOR DOLE

FROM:

CAROLYN SEELY

SUBJECT:

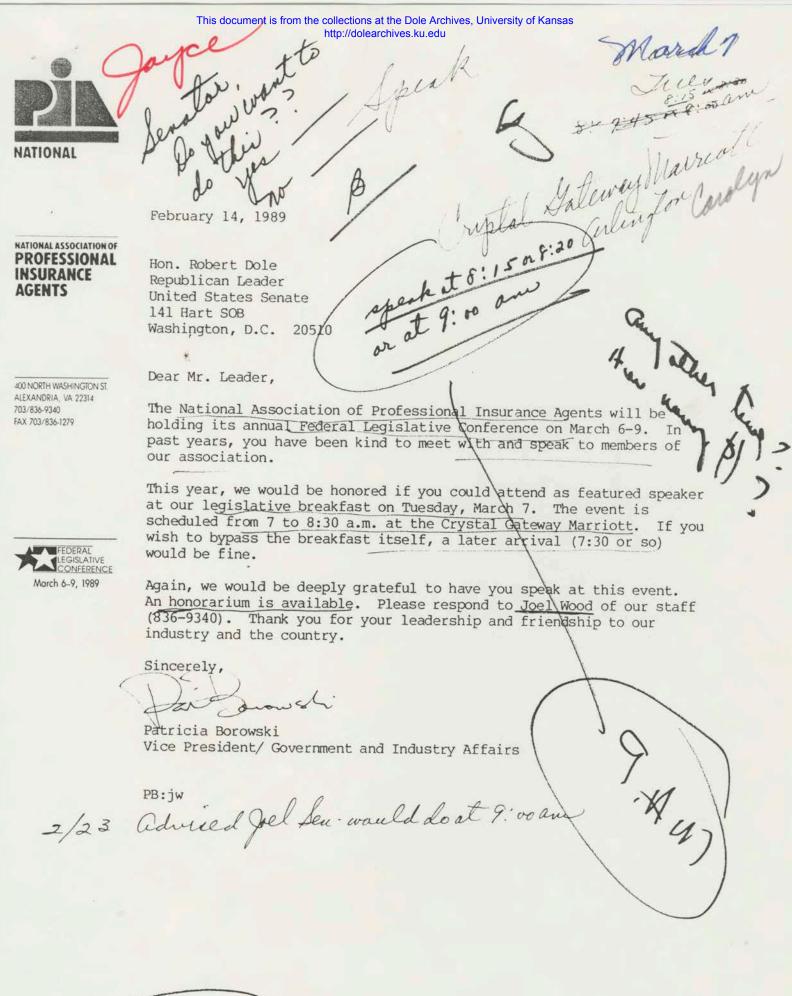
SPEECH TO PROFESSIONAL INSURANCE AGENTS

You are scheduled to address the Federal Legislative Conference of the National Association of Professional Insurance Agents (PIA) at 9:00 a.m. on Tuesday March 7, 1989. You have been asked to speak for 15-20 minutes to leave time for Q&A; however, they will defer to your schedule and preferences.

PIA members sell property and casualty insurance, mostly through Mom & Pop-type small agencies. The audience is expected to number between 250-300. You are the only Member of Congress to speak, and they are hoping for a typical "Bob Dole speech". Following the Conference, the PIA members will be visiting their local Representatives, and you might refer to these upcoming visits in your talk.

In addition to your political overview, the specific legislative issues of most concern to these agents are the threat of competition from banks seeking insurance powers, McCarran-Ferguson repeal, Section 89 and consumer protection initiatives, such as the California Proposition 103. The primary emphasis should probably be on the bank powers issue.

The property/casualty industry itself is likely to seek tax relief this Congress once data is available to show that the tax impact of loss reserve discounting (enacted in 1986) is greater than expected. This issue could be paired with reconsideration of life company taxation, since early reports indicate that this industry, by contrast, is underpaying.





Jule

February 24, 1989

PROFESSIONAL INSURANCE AGENTS

Ms. Betty Meyer Office of Sen. Dole SH-141 Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Betty,

400 NORTH WASHINGTON ST. ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314 703/836-9340 FAX 703/836-1279

> FEDERAL LEGISLATIVE

March 6-9, 1989

CONFERENCE

My sincere thanks again for your assistance in securing Sen. Dole's speaking engagement before PIA's Federal Legislative Conference at 9 a.m. on Tuesday, March 7.

Sen. Dole will be our featured speaker at our General Session in Salon H,J,K of the Crystal Gateway Marriott Hotel at 1700 Jefferson Davis Highway (please note: this is not the Crystal City Marriott, which is nearby). I will arrange to meet the senator at the door.

Ideally, we would like the senator to speak for 15-20 minutes with time for Q&A, and we will be sensitive to his time needs. We expect a crowd of more than 200. I have spoken with David Taylor about the substance of the speech, but naturally our members would like to hear any general comments from the senator, with perhaps a bit of emphasis on banking legislation.

I will follow up with you about arrangements for the honorariam.

Again, many thanks. We are excited to have a person of Sen. Dole's national stature speaking to our group. I promise a highly friendly audience.

Sincerely,

Joe'l Wood

Pederal Affairs Representative

# TALKING POINTS PROFESSIONAL INSURANCE AGENTS -- MARCH 7, 1989

- O THANK YOU FOR INVITING ME TO SPEAK WITH YOU THIS MORNING.
- O FIRST OF ALL, I BELIEVE THAT PRESIDENT BUSH IS

  OFF TO A GOOD START. UNLIKE PRESIDENT REAGAN

  WHEN HE TOOK OFFICE, THIS PRESIDENT IS ON A

  FIRST NAME BASIS WITH MOST MEMBERS OF

  CONGRESS -- BOTH DEMOCRAT AND REPUBLICAN.

  AND HE IS COMFORTABLE DEALING WITH CONGRESS.

THE PRESIDENT HAS MADE REDUCING THE BUDGET 0DEFICIT HIS NUMBER ONE LEGISLATIVE PRIORITY. HIS FIRST MEETING WITH CONGRESSIONAL LEADERS, WHICH I ATTENDED, WAS A BIPARTISAN MEETING ON THE DEFICIT THAT LASTED TWO HOURS. SINCE THEN THE PRESIDENT HAS INDICATED THAT HE IS PREPARED TO NAME HIS NEGOTIATORS AND TO SIT DOWN WITH THE CONGRESS AS SOON AS THE DEMOCRATIC LEADERSHIP IS READY.

#### THE BUSH BUDGET

IN ADDITION, PRESIDENT BUSH HAS MADE GOOD ON 0 HIS CAMPAIGN PROMISES TO PRODUCE A KINDER AND GENTLER BUDGET AND TO MEET THE GRAMM-RUDMAN-HOLLINGS TARGETS WITHOUT RAISING TAXES. NOW I DIDN'T REALLY APPRECIATE THE MERITS OF THE FLEXIBLE FREEZE UNTIL NEW HAMPSHIRE. BUT THE CONCEPT IS REALLY QUITE SIMPLE. IT MERELY RESTRAINS THE GROWTH IN FEDERAL SPENDING TO THE RATE OF INFLATION.

FEDERAL REVENUES WILL INCREASE BY MORE THAN
\$80 BILLION IN 1990. WITH THIS REVENUE GROWTH, IT
WILL BE POSSIBLE TO MEET THE 1990 G-R-H DEFICIT
TARGET, IF CONGRESS STICKS TO THE PRESIDENT'S
PLAN.

O MOREOVER, IN SPITE OF THE CLAIMS MADE BY SOME DEMOCRATS, THIS BUDGET DOES NOT LEAVE THE TOUGH CHOICES TO CONGRESS. THE PRESIDENT HOLDS DEFENSE GROWTH TO THE RATE OF INFLATION, AND SIGNIFICANTLY CUTS OTHER PROGRAMS.

# WHY CONGRESS NEEDS TO COME TO THE BARGAINING TABLE

O PRESIDENT BUSH'S BUDGET MAY NOT BE ALL THINGS

TO ALL PEOPLE -- NO RESPONSIBLE BUDGET EVER IS

-- , BUT HIS BUDGET IS A SERIOUS, WORKABLE FIRST

STEP. NOW, THE DEMOCRATS NEED TO LAY THEIR

CARDS ON THE TABLE, SO THAT BUDGET NEGOTIATIONS CAN BEGIN.

O MOREOVER, AS YET NO DEMOCRAT, NOT EVEN THE
DEMOCRATIC APPOINTEES TO THE NATIONAL
ECONOMIC COMMISSION WHO DISAGREE WITH THE
PRESIDENT, HAS COME UP WITH A CONSTRUCTIVE
ALTERNATIVE. THE DEMOCRATS APPARENTLY
PREFER TO CRITICIZE THE PRESIDENT, RATHER THAN
TAKE PART IN NEGOTIATIONS TO SOLVE THIS
PROBLEM.

I BELIEVE THAT IT IS IMPORTANT THAT WE ACCELERATE THE NORMAL BUDGET PROCESS WHICH CAN DRAG ON UNTIL OCTOBER OR NOVEMBER. IMPORTANT DEADLINES ARE LOOMING: THE SENATE BUDGET COMMITTEE IS REQUIRED TO REPORT A BUDGET RESOLUTION BY APRIL 1. WITH A TWO WEEK EASTER RECESS AT THE END OF MARCH, ONLY THREE WEEKS ARE LEFT TO COMPLETE THAT WORK ON TIME.

STARTING BUDGET NEGOTIATIONS NOW IS THE ONLY 0 RESPONSIBLE THING TO DO. THE FINANCIAL MARKETS ARE NERVOUSLY AWAITING A SIGNAL THAT CONGRESS INTENDS TO ACT RESPONSIBLY TO MEET ITS DEFICIT REDUCTION TARGETS WITHOUT A SEQUESTER. IN RESPONSE TO ACCELERATING PRICE GROWTH, THE FEDERAL RESERVE HAS RAISED THE DISCOUNT RATE FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE AUGUST, 1988, AFFECTING EVERYTHING FROM THE PRIME RATE TO HOME MORTAGES.

MOVING FORWARD ON THE APPROPRIATIONS

PROCESS, AS WELL AS TACKLING IMPORTANT

PROBLEMS LIKE THE SAVINGS AND LOAN CRISIS. THE

PRESIDENT SHOULD NOT HAVE HIS LEGISLATIVE

AGENDA HELD HOSTAGE BY A CONGRESS THAT

PREFERS TO POINT FINGERS RATHER THAN FACE UP

TO THE TOUGH BUDGET CHOICES.

# **TAXES**

- O LAGREE WITH THE PRESIDENT THAT TO BALANCE THE BUDGET WE NEED TO LOOK AT SPENDING CUTS AND NOT NEW TAXES. I DO NOT BELIEVE TAX INCREASES ARE A SUBSTITUTE FOR SPENDING RESTRAINT TO REDUCE THE FEDERAL BUDGET DEFICIT.
- ENACTED IN 1986 IS VERY IMPORTANT, BOTH AS AN ECONOMIC INCENTIVE AND TO CONVINCE

  TAXPAYERS THAT OUR TAX LAWS ARE FAIR. IN 1987, I INTRODUCED A RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY THE SENATE THAT WE SHOULD NOT ATTEMPT TO REDUCE THE DEFICIT BY TAMPERING WITH TAX RATES.

0

THE BUDGET PROPOSED BY PRESIDENT BUSH MAKES GOOD ON HIS CAMPAIGN PROMISES TO MEET THE GRAMM-RUDMAN-HOLLINGS DEFICIT TARGETS WITHOUT RAISING TAXES. SOME DEMOCRATS HAVE INDICATED THAT THE PRICE FOR ENACTING SOME OF THE PRESIDENT'S PROGRAMS, SUCH AS LOWER CAPITAL GAINS TAXES, MUST BE INCOME TAX RATE INCREASES. I BELIEVE THE THEY WILL FIND THAT WHEN THE PRESIDENT SAID "NO NEW TAXES", HE MEANT IT. THAT INCLUDES EXCISE TAXES, AS WELL AS RATE INCREASES.

#### **BANK POWERS**

I KNOW THAT YOU ARE CONCERNED ABOUT THE  $\circ$ PROSPECT OF EXPANDED INSURANCE POWERS FOR BANKS. A LOT OF PEOPLE HAVE SPECULATED THAT THE S&L ISSUE WILL PUT BANK POWERS -- INCI LIDING THE POWER TO ENGAGE IN THE INSURANCE BUSINESS -- BACK ON THE AGENDA. I CAN TELL YOU THAT, ON THE SENATE SIDE, BOTH THE CHAIRMAN AND THE RANKING MEMBER OF THE BANKING COMMITTEE BELIEVE THAT PUTTING BANK POWERS ON THE TABLE WILL DELAY ACTION ON THE SAVINGS & LOAN CRISIS, LAGREE

THE COST OF BAILING OUT THE THRIFT INDUSTRY

HAS BEEN GROWING AT A RATE OF \$1 BILLION A

MONTH. WE CAN'T AFFORD TO HOLD THIS UP ANY

LONGER. THEREFORE, I BELIEVE THAT THE BANKING

COMMITTEES WILL DEFER ACTION ON EXPANDED

BANK POWERS UNTIL S & L BAILOUT LEGISLATION

HAS CLEARED BOTH HOUSES OF CONGRESS.

O NEVERTHELESS, IT IS VERY LIKELY THAT THE ISSUE OF BANK POWERS WILL RESURFACE THIS YEAR. LAST YEAR'S FINANCIAL MODERNIZATION ACT,
INTRODUCED BY SENATOR PROXMIRE, PASSED THE SENATE OVERWHELMINGLY (94-2) AND ONLY DIED IN THE HOUSE DUE TO JURISDICTIONAL DISPUTES
BETWEEN THE CHAIRMEN OF THE HOUSE BANKING
AND ENERGY AND COMMERCE COMMITTEES.

IN ADDITION, LAST FRIDAY THE FEDERAL RESERVE OPENED THE DOOR BY RULING THAT A BANK HOLDING COMPANY WHICH ACQUIRED A STATE-CHARTERED BANK WITH INSURANCE POWERS COULD CONTINUE TO CONDUCT THE INSURANCE BUSINESS THROUGH THE SUBSIDIARY. THIS RULING ONLY AFFECTS COMPANIES IN THOSE STATES WHICH GRANT INSURANCE POWERS TO BANKS, BUT IT IS A BEGINNING. AND IT MAKES CONGRESSIONAL ACTION MORE TIMELY.

# MCCARRAN-FERGUSON REPEAL

SENATOR METZENBAUM INTENDS TO REINTRODUCE  $\cap$ LEGISLATION TO REPEAL THE INSURANCE INDUSTRY'S LONG-STANDING EXEMPTION FROM THE ANTI-TRUST LAWS. NOT SURPRISINGLY, MCCARRAN-FERGUSON REPEAL WAS RECENTLY ENDORSED BY THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION. THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE FAILED TO BRING SIMILAR LEGISLATION TO THE SENATE FLOOR LAST CONGRESS, BUT THERE IS NO INDICATION THAT THEY WILL REFRAIN FROM ACTING THIS YEAR.

# **SECTION 89**

ABOUT THE ADMINISTRATIVE BURDENS IMPOSED ON
HEALTH AND WELFARE BENEFIT PLANS BY SECTION
89 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. I HAVE
RECEIVED LETTERS FROM BUSINESSMEN ACROSS
THE COUNTRY WHO ARE SIMILARLY CONCERNED. IN
MANY CASES, THESE COMPLAINTS ARE JUSTIFIED.

- O LAST YEAR, I SUPPORTED SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES TO SIMPLIFY SECTION 89 IN THE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS ACT. SEVERAL OF THESE PROVISIONS WERE DESIGNED SPECIFICALLY TO EASE COMPLIANCE BURDENS FOR SMALL BUSINESSES.
- O I RECOGNIZE THAT THESE CHANGES ARE NOT

  ENOUGH, AND FRANKLY, I WOULD HAVE PREFERRED

  TO DO EVEN MORE TO SIMPLIFY THESE RULES.

  ACCORDINGLY I HAVE COSPONSORED LEGISLATION

TO DELAY THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF SECTION 89 TO GIVE CONGRESS THE TIME TO REVIEW THIS PROVISION. MY STAFF IS ACTIVELY WORKING WITH STAFFS OF OTHER FINANCE COMMITTEE MEMBERS AND INDUSTRY EXPERTS TO TRY TO DEVELOP WORKABLE TESTS.

INTERPRETING SECTION 89 WERE ISSUED LAST

WEEK. UNFORTUNATELY, OTHER THAN ALLOWING

SOME ADDITIONAL START-UP TIME, THESE

REGULATIONS DO NOT SIMPLIFY THE SECTION 89

RULES APPLICABLE TO SMALL BUSINESSES.

- O INDEED, EVEN THE CHAIRMAN OF THE WAYS AND
  MEANS COMMITTEE, WHO HAS REPEATEDLY
  DEFENDED SECTION 89 IN THE PAST, HAS NOW
  ACKNOWLEDGED THAT THESE RULES NEED
  SIMPLIFICATION.
- THIS ISSUE AND DECIDE WHETHER OR NOT THESE

  PROVISIONS CAN EVER BE MADE TO WORK FAIRLY

  AND EFFECTIVELY. THE AIM OF SECTION 89 -- TO

  DENY A FEDERAL TAX SUBSIDY TO DISCRIMINATORY

BENEFIT PLANS -- IS VALID. BUT, IN MY JUDGMENT,

THE PRICE OF THE CURRENT RULES IN TERMS OF

COMPLEXITY AND BURDENS ON AMERICAN BUSINESS

IS CLEARLY TOO HIGH.

# CONCLUSION

O THE BOTTOM LINE -- WHEN WE'RE TALKING ABOUT

KEY ECONOMIC ISSUES LIKE THE DEFICIT, TAXES,

AND GOVERNMENT REGULATION -- IS THAT THESE

PROBLEMS WON'T BE SOLVED UNLESS WE ALL START

WORKING TOGETHER. THAT INCLUDES NOT ONLY

THE PRESIDENT AND CONGRESS, BUT ALSO THE

BUSINESS COMMUNITY.

- PARTICULAR INDUSTRY, YOU HAVE LEARNED TO
  PROTECT PEOPLE'S HOMES AND PROPERTY FROM
  LOSS DUE TO PHYSICAL CATASTROPHES. I HOPE
  THAT YOU WILL JOIN WITH US IN CONGRESS IN
  TRYING TO PROTECT THEM FROM LOSS DUE TO
  FISCAL CRISES AS WELL.
- O THANK YOU.