

House of Representatives

Washington, D.C. 20515

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ELLIS	LOGAN	SCOTT
FINNEY	MITCHELL	SEWARD
FORD	MORTON	SHERIDAN
GOVE	NESS	SHERMAN
GRAHAM	NORTON	SMITH
GRANT	OSBORNE	STAFFORD
GRAY	OTTAWA	STANTON
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HAMILTON	PHILLIPS	THOMAS
HASKELL	PRATT	TREGO
		WALLACE
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There has been much widespread interest in the extension of the Draft which expired on June 30, 1967. The new legislation, P. L. 90-40, passed by Congress and since signed into law by the President contains significant changes which may be summarized as follows:

RESUME OF CHANGES IN SELECTIVE SERVICE LAW

- Extends basic law for four years--July 1, 1967 to July 1, 1971.
- Insures liability to draft for selectees who delay induction litigation beyond age 26.
- Directs National Security Council to advise Director of Selective Service on occupational and student deferments.
- Any change in method of selecting inductees, such as FAIR or random system, would require act of Congress.
- Subjects alien doctors and dentists to draft up to age 35, on the same basis as U. S. doctors and dentists.
- Requires President to continue undergraduate deferments until completion or attainment of age 24, if work is satisfactory, unless needs of Armed Forces require curtailment or termination of such deferments.
- Authorizes President to grant graduate deferments for medical, dental and other essential subjects, and authorizes limited occupational deferments for highly skilled persons who have completed graduate study. Urges uniformity in classification criteria whenever practicable.
- Allows call-up of individual Reservists not satisfactorily performing in, or assigned to, a Reserve unit, if full Reserve obligation is discharged.
- Expresses no opposition to the President's plan to reverse the date of induction from age 26 to age 19. The President at his discretion may designate the age group to be drafted.