PAGE SIX

Saturday, June 27, 1992

9:30 AM

Lv. Kansas City Downtown Airport Executive Beechcraft 816/842-8484

AIRCRAFT: US Tobacco Hawker

TAIL NO.: N 24 SB

PILOT: Dave Fontanella CO-PILOT: Frank Desetto

MANIFEST: Senator Dole Walt Riker

Chris Swonger, UST Sara Lowe, NRSC

10:05 AM

Ar. Springfield, Missouri Regional Airport City Fueling 417/869-1990

MET BY: Randy Kammerdiener

Political Director

Missouri Republican Party

DRIVERS: Senator Dole & Walt Riker:

Randy Kammerdiener ('91 Cadillac)

Chris Swonger & Sara Lowe: Eric Feltner ('92 Oldsmobile)

DRIVE TIME: 20 minutes

10:25 AM

Ar. University Plaza Hotel & Convention Center 333 John Q. Hammond Parkway 417/864-7333

CONTACT: Tony Hammond

Executive Director

Missouri Republican Party

314/636-3146

314/636-3273 (FAX)

10:30 AM- PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH MAJOR DONORS TO MISSOURI REPUBLICAN PARTY

10:50 AM- Holding Room

10:55 AM

10:55 AM INTRODUCTION OF SENATOR DOLE --SENATOR KIT BOND

PAGE SEVEN

KEYNOTE ADDRESS -- SENATOR DOLE 11:00 AM-Missouri Republican Party Convention 11:25 AM CROWD SIZE: 2,500 Delegates and Alternates Lv. University Plaza Hotel & Convention Center 11:30 AM Ar. Springfield Regional Airport 11:50 AM City Fueling 417/869-1990 Lv. Springfield, Missouri 12:00 PM AIRCRAFT: US Tobacco Hawker N 24 SB TAIL NO.: Dave Fontanella PILOT: CO-PILOT: Frank Desetto Senator Dole MANIFEST: Walt Riker Chris Swonger, UST Sara Lowe, NRSC Ar. Washington, D.C. 3:00 PM National Airport Butler Aviation 703/549-8340

PROCEED TO PRIVATE

11:00 AM-KEYNOTE ADDRESS -- SENATOR DOLE 11:25 AM Missouri Republican Party Convention CROWD SIZE: 2,500 Delegates and Alternates 11:30 AM Lv. University Plaza Hotel & Convention Center 11:50 AM Ar. Springfield Regional Airport City Fueling 417/869-1990 12:00 PM Lv. Springfield, Missouri AIRCRAFT: US Tobacco Hawker TAIL NO.: N 24 SB PILOT: Dave Fontanella Frank Desetto CO-PILOT: MANIFEST: Senator Dole Walt Riker Chris Swonger, UST Sara Lowe, NRSC 3:00 PM Ar. Washington, D.C. National Airport Butler Aviation

PROCEED TO PRIVATE

703/549-8340

PAGE SIX

P.03

Saturday, June 27, 1992

9:30 AM

Lv. Kansas City Downtown Airport Executive Beechcraft 816/842-8484

AIRCRAFT: US Tobacco Hawker

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Walt Riker

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DRIVE TIME: 20 minutes

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CONTACT: Tony Hammond

Executive Director

Missouri Republican Party

314/636-3146

314/636-3273 (FAX)

10:30 AM-10:50 AM PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH MAJOR DONORS TO MISSOURI REPUBLICAN PARTY

10:50 AM-10:55 AM Holding Room

10:55 AM

INTRODUCTION OF SENATOR DOLE --SENATOR KIT BOND June 25, 1992

MEMORANDUM FOR THE LEADER

FROM:

JUDY BIVIANO

JOHN DIAMANTAKIOU

SUBJECT:

MISSOURI BRIEF

Attached is the following for your trip to the Missouri State GOP Convention:

- NRSC briefing on Kit Bond's race
- Kit Bond Re-election Campaign Briefing
- NRCC Political Briefing on Missouri congressional races
- 1-pager on Missouri redistricting
- RNC Political Brief on Missouri
- Assorted Clippings of Interest
 Thank you.

National Republican Senatorial Committee

SENATOR PHIL GRAMM

JED HENSARLING EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

MEMORANDUM

TO: SENATOR DOLE

FM: MIKE HUDOME MA

DT: JUNE 24, 1992

RE: BRIEFING FOR MISSOURI REPUBLICAN PARTY STATE CONVENTION

A. POLITICAL OVERVIEW

Senator Kit Bond begins the Summer with a healthy campaign warchest. The campaign presently has over \$1.5 million cash on hand and plans to escrow \$1 million for advertising post Labor Day.

With over 20 years of public service, Senator in Bond is vulnerable to the charge of politics as usual and political insider attacks which seem to be in vogue this year. With that in mind, the Bond team has built a large grassroots organization which will go door to door and work the telephones to get the Bond message out. Senator Bond's close 1986 (the only GOP pick-up that year) victory is largely attributed to the strong grassroots network Bond assembled.

The Democrats have 14 candidates who have qualified for the August 6 primary ballot, the most serious of whom appears to be Geri Rothman-Serot. She is a member of the St. Louis County Council. Rothman-Serot is the ex-wife of former Lt. Governor Kenneth Rothman, and has calculated that his name identification will transfer to her candidacy. (Rothman served as Kit Bond's Lt. Governor.) Famous women's political activist Harriet Woods (Bond's 1986 opponent) has taken Rothman-Serot under her wing and has begun raising money and appearing in public with her. This is important because the Woods organization is a very potent force in Missouri politics.

The most recent poll, which is shown below, illustrates Senator Bond with healthy name recognition and a good favorable to unfavorable edge. However, his 39% reelect is below the traditional 50% threshold of safety.

RONALD REAGAN REPUBLICAN CENTER
425 SECOND STREET, N.E. * WASHINGTON, D.C. 20002 * (202) 675-6000

D03

Even with a late primary and a still-to-be-determined Democrat opponent, the Bond organization is approaching this campaign very seriously. Through his years of constituent service as Governor and U.S. Senator, Kit Bond built up a loyal network of friends throughout Missouri. However, both the campaign and the NRSC are watching this one closely.

SURVEY DATA: B.

3/92 Market Strategies NOTE: PRIVATE POLL (Bond/NRSC)

Ballot		Bond Reelect	
Bond	47%	Deserves Reelection	39%
"Dem. Candidate"	37%	Give new person a chance	ce 46%
Bond Job		Bond ID	
Approve	59%	Aware 96	%
Disapprove	25%	Fav. 63	%
Disapprove		Unfav. 25	%

FINANCIAL DATA C.

Coordinated: \$421,812

Balances	Gr	oss	On hand		
Bond (5/15/92)	\$2,985,091		\$1,680,000		
Mert Bernstein (3/31/92) William Peacock (3/31) Geri Rothman-Serot (3/31)	\$ \$	111,435 105,928 76,489	\$ \$ \$	17,609 37,053 70.375	

NOTE: Fourteen Democrats have filed. The list above represents the major candidates.

MEDIA INFORMATION D.

Cost per point: \$252 500 points

\$126,000

Coordinated (\$421,812) will buy three weeks and two days of television.

D04

E. ORGANIZATION

Political Director: Dirk Clark

Operations Director: Susan LaBombard

Finance Director: Ann Presley

Polling: Market Strategies, Inc. (Fred Steeper)

Media: Don Sipple/Karl Rove & Co.

/mh

MEMORANDUM

TO: Senator Dole

FROM: Missourians for Kit Bond

RE: Senator Bond's Re-Election Campaign

DATE: June 24, 1992

Thanks so much for your help with Senator Bond's campaign. I have briefly outlined the current political situation in Missouri as it relates to Senator Bond.

OPPOSITION

The filing deadline for U.S. Senate candidates was March 31. Missouri's primary election will be August 4. Senator Bond faces one primary opponent - Wes Hummel. Mr. Hummel is not a serious candidate, and is seen as token opposition. He is retired and has not previously been active in politics or in the public arena.

Fourteen Democrats have filed for their party's nomination - a new state record. Of the fourteen, only five are considered legitimate contenders.

1) Geri Rothman-Serot: Rothman-Serot, 47, is the former wife of former Lt. Governor Kenneth Rothman. She is currently a member of the St. Louis County Council, but would have faced a tough re-election race after redistricting. Issues she is stressing include health care and the environment. She also stresses her ability to face controversy since she has survived breast cancer. As of March 31, she had raised \$76,000, however, \$40,000 of that amount was a personal loan to her campaign. Since that time, we expect that she has raised a great deal more, and Harriet Woods is giving personal attention to her fundraising. Although it is difficult to gauge, the press

seems to have labeled her the front-runner.

m 23/2

- 2) Merton Bernstein: Bernstein, 69, is a law professor at Washington University in St. Louis. He has never held elective office, but he is modeling his campaign after Paul Wellstone including limiting contributions to \$100 and refusing PAC money. Issues he is stressing include health care, campaign finance and elderly issues. He is an expert on Social Security and has authored many books dealing with elderly issues and pension programs. As of March 31, Bernstein had raised the most among the Democrats \$108,000. It is significant that he has loaned himself very little and has raised the rest in small amounts. Of the fifteen, he has been the most active in campaigning, but is not well known outside of St. Louis.
- 3) Bill Peacock: Peacock, 51, is a Washington lobbyist and former member of the Carter Administration. He resides in St. Louis and has formerly held positions in McDonnell Douglas and Emerson Electronics. Issues he is stressing include abortion rights, civil rights, women issues, health care and economic development. As of March 31, Peacock had raised \$106,000, but has loaned himself a large part of that amount. He, too, is not well known in Missouri. Of the Democrats, Peacock has been the most confrontational and launched the most vicious attacks against Bond.
- 4) Carol Coe: Coe, 44, is a member of the Kansas City Council. She is well known in Kansas City for her high-profile personality and involvement in many controversies, including: she was held in contempt of court three times for vigorously defending a drug dealer, arrested for assaulting her ex-husband outside a courtroom and arrested for not paying speeding tickets. She is currently under investigation for misusing Council funds and for assaulting a police officer who was attempting to remove her from an American Gladiators show in which she was a contestant. Despite her colorful background, she is one of two women in the race, the only legitimate black candidate, and the only legitimate candidate from Kansas City. These factors might allow her to capture a plurality in a 15 candidate race. She has not yet filed a campaign finance report.
- 5) Dan Dodson: Dodson, 31, is the city attorney for Holden, Misscuri and a criminal defense attorney in Jefferson City, Missouri. Issues he is stressing include abortion and campaign finance reform. He has not yet filed a campaign finance report.

FINANCIAL SITUATION

Missourians for Kit Bond (MKB) has currently raised \$3,165,000. and has \$1,684,000. on-hand.

CAMPAIGN ORGANIZATION

Missourians for Kit Bond has opened offices in both St. Louis and Kansas City, and currently employs a staff of 9 1/2. Of the 114 counties in Missouri, MKB has established county coordinators for all 114 counties. Also, of the 14 regions in Missouri, MKB has established regional coordinators in all 14 regions.

MISSOURI POLITICAL CLIMATE

The political situation in Missouri is very unusual due to the open seats available for all of the state wide offices. Governor Ashcroft cannot run for re-election. Secretary of State Roy Blunt, Attorney General William Webster and State Treasurer Wendell Bailey all are running for the Republican nomination for Governor. State Auditor Margaret Kelly is running for the Republican nomination for Lieutenant Governor, which leaves the Secretary of State, Attorney General and State Treasurer offices open to new candidates. Hotly contested Governor and Attorney General primaries have taken much of the attention away from the Senate race, and have also made fundraising for Senator Bond extremely difficult.



National Republican Congressional Committee

Guy Vander Jagt, M.C.

Spencer Abraham Co-Chairman

Tom Cole Executive Director

TO: SENATOR ROBERT DOLE

REPUBLICAN LEADER

FR: CLARK REID

DEPUTY POLITICAL DIRECTOR

RE: MISSOURI CONGRESSIONAL RACES

DA: JUNE 23, 1992

While the Missoui primary isn't until August 4, the NRCC is looking at two and possibly three viable challenger races for the U.S. House.

The contest receiving the most attention at this time is the Second Congressional District where George "Bert" Walker III (Presidential cousin) and House Republican Leader Jim Talent are vying for the GOP nomination.

Walker is chief executive officer of Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, a St Louis-based brokerage and investment banking firm. He has said he will raise \$1 million for the race.

Talent is a 34-years-old who was elected to the Missouri House in 1984 and became minority leader in 1988. The lawmaker said he plans to raise \$250,000 to \$350,000. What he lacks in financial resources for the campaign, he more than makes up in his organizational abilities. Talent is also from Chesterfield, the most Republican area of the district and has the support of most GOP activists there.

Incumbent Democrat Joan Kelly Horn, who defeated Republican Jack Buechner by 53 votes in 1990, is busy raising money but redistricting hurt her chances to retain this seat. Under the old district lines, George Bush received 61% of the vote in 1988. If the new lines had been in place, Bush would have received 63% of the vote. Senator Kit Bond carried this district with 62% of the vote in his 1986 Senate race.

An expensive, bitterly fought campaign can hurt our chances of winning back this seat, but the numbers are on our side.

In the Third Congressional District, Mack Holekamp is the leading candidate for the GOP nomination. Holekamp received 43% of the vote in a 1990 bid against House Majority Leader Richard Gephardt. Holekamp is a former Webster Groves City Council member whose relentless attacks on Gephardt as a "PAC rat" and "Bush-whacker", combined with the anti-incumbent mood, kept him in the 1990 race. If he can raise the money this time around, Holekamp will be a thorne in Gephardt's side.

A long-shot race is in the Ninth Congressional District where incumbent Democrat Harold Volkmer will probably face political science professor Richard Hardy. The 43-year-old professor of government and political science is on leave from the University of Missouri to make this race.

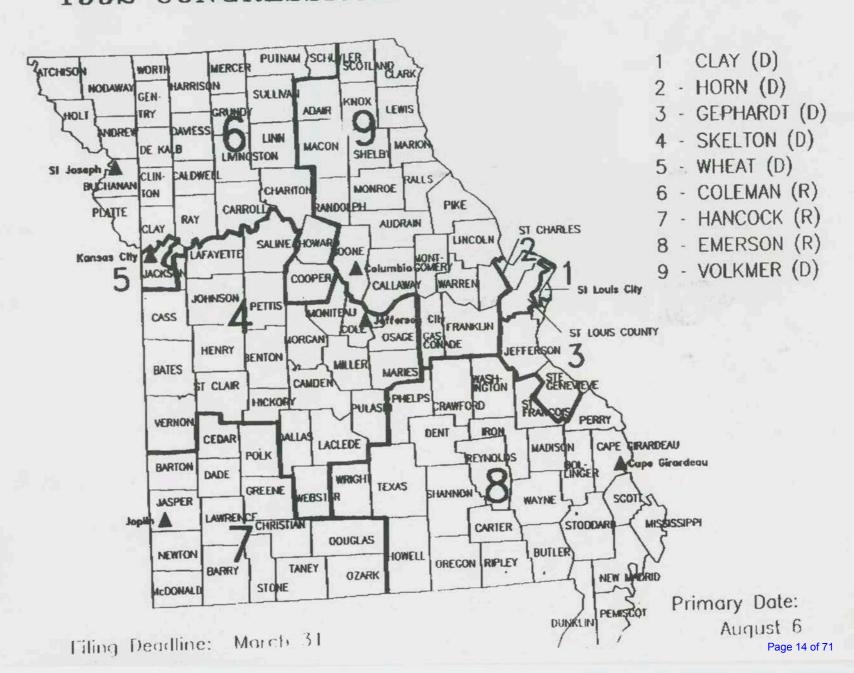
Hardy is one of the most popular members of the Missouri faculty and has a large following from former students who are volunteering in droves for his campaign. Hardy is refusing to take PAC money, depending instead on small donations and, hopefully, party funding.

While this is a long-shot chance at the moment, reviews on Hardy's campaign have been all positive to date.

Sixth District Republican Tom Coleman, the ranking minority member on the House Agriculture Committee, is facing the toughest re-election fight at this time. Coleman was also hurt by the anti-incumbent mood in 1990, receiving only 52% of the vote.

A large number of Democrats are vying for their party's nomination. The biggest threat is posed by State Senator Pat Danner (woman candidate). She is a long-time district resident who is well-known and -liked. The NRCC is assisting Coleman's campaign and will provide whatever resources are necessary for his race.

1992 CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS - MISSOURI



1992 MISSOURI REDISTRICTING CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS*

Dist	Incumbent	Persons	Devn	New CD % Bush	Old CD % Bush	DWf % Bush	1988 % Lt Gov (Grisham)	1988 % Treas (Bailey)	1986 % Sen (Bond)	% Afr-Am
1	Clay (D)	568,285	-279	30%	27%	3%	28%	31%	32%	52%
2	Hom (D)	568,306	-258	63%	61%	2%	58%	61%	62%	4%
3	Gephardt (D)	568,326	-238	53%	53%	0%	48%	51%	54%	2%
4	Skelton (D)	569,146	582	59%	59%	0%	52%	58%	58%	3%
5	Wheat (D)	569,130	566	40%	39%	1%	38%	42%	42%	24%
6	Coleman (R)	569,131	567	50%	50%	0%	48%	52%	51%	2%
7	Hancock (R)	568,017	-547	62%	61%	1%	59%	55%	61%	1%
8	Emerson (R)	568,385	-179	56%	55%	1%	47%	54%	55%	4%
9	Volkmer (D)	568,347	-217	53%	54%	-1%	48%	54%	56%	4%
	Totals/Averages	5,117,073		52%			47%	51%	53%	11%

^{*} Partisan data are approximations and useful only as indicators

COURTESY:

CONGRESSIONAL QUARTERLY 12/21/91 The Democratic-controlled state legislature moved quickly in May on a plan that makes no radical changes to the current map (under which Democrats hold a 6-3 House majority). GOP Gov. John Ashcroft threatened to veto a House-passed plan that split two rural counties. But once lines were redrawn, he signed it into law July 8 with no dissent.



House seats in 1992: 9 Status: Redistricting completed

The new map was widely acceptable to state Republicans because it leaves freshman Democrat Joan Kelly Horn as one of the nation's most vulnerable House incumbents. In one of the major 1990 upsets, Horn defeated Republican

Jack Buechner by 54 votes in the Republican-leaning 2nd District. Under the new map, the 2nd retains an overall

Republican tilt.

In redistricting, senior Democrats whose districts neighbor Horn's made no sacrifices to enhance her political safety. House Majority Leader Richard A. Gephardt maintained most of the Democratic turf from his current 3rd District in south St. Louis and its suburbs. The 1st District, held by black Democrat William L. Clay, lost population in the 1980s and seized some of Horn's current Democratic areas in order to maintain a black majority.

The borders of Horn's district, which is now centered in the western suburbs of St. Louis County, were moved north into the growing suburbs of St. Charles County. This area comes from the current 9th District, held by Democrat Harold L. Volkmer. But Volkmer, who specializes in farm issues and is a leading anti-gun control figure, is a far more

conservative figure than Horn. (Story, p. 3727)

Other changes in the current map are quibbles. Republican Tom Coleman, who struggled to win with 52 percent in 1990 because of his 6th District's weak farm-based economy, could benefit from the addition of some more-affluent Republican suburbs of Kansas City in Jackson County. But 7th District Republican Mel Hancock is unhappy about the transfer of three counties from his current district to the 4th, held by Democrat Ike Skelton, and to the 8th, represented by Republican Bill Emerson: Hancock carried two of those counties in his close 1990 election, which he won with 52 percent. (Background, Weekly Report, p. 2709)

COURTESY: RNC POLITICAL DIVISION

MISSOURI

REPUBLICAN ELECTED OFFICIALS

Constitutional Offices

Governor JOHN ASHCROFT Secretary of State ROY BLUNT Attorney General WILLIAM WEBSTER State Treasurer WENDELL BAILEY State Auditor MARGARET KELLY

Congressional Delegation:

U.S. Senate

2 R, 0 D

JOHN DANFORTH (R)

KIT BOND (R)

U.S. House of Representatives

3 R, 6 D

GOP Members:

6th district TOM COLEMAN

7th district MEL HANCOCK

8th district

BILL EMERSON

State Legislature:

State Senate

11 R

23 D

The Senate Republican Leader is TOM MCCARTHY.

State House

64 R

99 D

The House Republican Leader is JIM TALENT.

1992 POLITICAL UPDATE

MISSOURI

STATE PARTY

Committee Members:

Chairman TOM FOWLER

Elected: September 1988

Next election: September 1992

FOWLER is a personal friend of Governor Ashcroft. Tom is the President and CEO of the State Bank of Southwest Missouri. Tom serves on the Arrangements Committee for the 1992 Convention and was elected Secretary of that committee.

National Committeeman HILLARD SELCK

Elected: August 1988

Next election: June 27, 1992

Prior to being National Committeeman, SELCK was the State Party Chairman. Hillard is in the insurance and real estate business. He serves on the Committee on the Call.

National Committeewoman BOBBIE CAPPS MOORE

Elected: August 1984

Next election: June 27, 1992

MOORE served as Vice-Chairman of the Party from 1980-84 and is a former candidate

for the state legislature. She serves on the Rules Committee.

Party Leaders/Key Figures in State:

BUCKY BUSH, brother of President Bush and Finance Chairman of the state party.
BILL MACON, Chairman of Missouri Bush-Quayle '88.
GOVERNOR JOHN ASHCROFT

Bush/Ouavle '92 Leadership:

Chairman: GOVERNOR JOHN ASHCROFT

State Party Overview:

The Missouri GOP is very aggressive and spends a great deal of money funding programs for particular candidates as well as funding a statewide political program.

The Party works well with both the Governor's office and the Republican leadership in the legislature. GOVERNOR ASHCROFT is very supportive of the Party and assists with fundraising.

BUCKY BUSH serves as the Finance Chairman of the GOP and is especially helpful with fundraising in the St. Louis area.

Financial Status:

The Missouri GOP raised \$800,000 in 1990, a year in which there was only one contested statewide race. The party's coffers received a big boost with their November Bush event.

ELECTION UPDATE

11

1992 Ballot:

President/Vice President

U.S. Senate: KIT BOND (R)

U.S. Congress:

1st CD - WILLIAM CLAY (D)

2nd CD - JOAN KELLY HORN (D)

3rd CD - RICHARD GEPHARDT (D)

4th CD - IKE SKELETON (D)

5th CD - ALAN WHEAT (D)

6th CD - E. THOMAS COLEMAN (R)

7th CD - MEL HANCOCK (R)

8th CD - BILL EMERSON (R)

9th CD - HAROLD L. VOLKMER (D)

Governor

Lt. Governor

Secretary of State

Attorney General

State Treasurer

All State House - 163 seats

1/2 State Senate - 17 seats

1992 Electoral College Votes:

State Covention: June 26-27

Tweny-seven delegates will be selected at the nine district conventions, with twenty atlarge delegates selected at the state convention. The Missouri Republican State Convention is June 27 and presently both national committee people, HILLARD SELCK and BOBBIE CAPPS MOORE, are unopposed.

Political Environment/Overview

Kansas City voters elected Democrat EMMANUEL CLEAVER as their new Mayor on March 26 with 53% of the vote. The former city council member became the city's first black mayor.

Cleaver replaces Republican RICHARD BERKELEY, who had been mayor of Kansas City since 1979. Berkeley was forced to resign because of the city's term limitation law enacted by voters in 1990.

There were four special elections for state representative on November 5, 1991, and Republicans were only successful in one of them. Republican DANIEL J. HEGEMAN was elected to the State Legislature from the 6th District. Also on the ballot was a bond issue for a \$385 million dollar increase for state education. Despite strong support by Governor Ashcroft and Republican leaders, the bond issue was voted down by Missouri voters 70% to 30%.

Only once this century (1956) did Missouri not support the winning Presidential candidate.

1992 Missouri Caucus Results:

On Super Tuesday, Bill Clinton won the Missouri caucuses rather handily.

Democrat Caucus Primary Reuslts

Clinton 60% Tsongas 7% Uncomm 29%

The Republican Presidential caucuses were held on April 14. The President won 100% of the county caucuses and delegates that move on to the district and state conventions. There was very little Buchanan activity,

Congressional Primary: August 4

Gubernatorial Campaign:

Governor ASHCROFT cannot run for re-election, which has created a very heated primary on both sides for the nomination.

Republican Candidates:

Republican candidate Attorney General BILL WEBSTER (R) has raised \$2.1 million for his campaign, and Secretary of State ROY BLUNT (R) has raised \$1 million. State Treasurer WENDELL BAILEY is also running for governor.

Webster has taken a minor hit in his race for Governor with the reports that he hired outside attorneys for special projects who were contributors to his campaign. On May 27, he returned \$46k in contributions from an attorney who recevied awards from a state fund controlled by Webster's office. Primary opponent Roy Blunt has called for a federal investigation. Webster is also conducting an internal investigation, headed by a Deputy Attorney General.

The GOP candidates are also in a battle over a possible Republican debate. Webster's manager said Webster would not participate in a GOP debate until Blunt releases his tax returns. Blunt's manager said Blunt would make his tax returns available to reporters and said Webster had already missed several GOP forums.

In June, Webster began heavy and expensive radio and television advertising in the St. Louis area. Aides say the ads will continue through the primary at a cost of at least \$50,000 a week.

Democrat Candidates:

Potential Democrats vying for the Governor's mansion include: Lt. Gov. MEL CARNAHAN and St. Louis Mayor VINCE SCHOEMEL.

SCHOEMEHL has been in controversy for receiving international campaign contributions which is illegal since FEC law prohibits foreign corporations or nationals to U.S. candidates. Missouri law has no such provision but the FEC said federal restrictions cover state and local campaigns. Recently, a \$25,000 contribution to Schoemehl's campaign was traced to Jose Boveda of Spain who said he did not understand the money was intended for a political candidate. Schoemehl decided to return the \$25,000 to Boveda. Schoemehl also accused the RNC as well as Webster and Blunt of using "welfare reform as a code word for race" to attract white voters.

Congressman BILL CLAY (D) of CD-1 sent a letter to all PAC directors on June 4th uging them not to make any contributions to SCHOEMEHL'S campaign. He urged labor PACs to support CARNAHAN.

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The Missouri NARAL endorsed Treasurer WENDELL BAILEY (R) and Lieutenant Governor MEL CARNAHAN (D). NARAL did not support SCHOEMEHL stating that Carnahan had a "better chance at defeating the two candidates for Governor that the group opposes the most"- WILLIAM WEBSTER (R) and ROY BLUNT (R). However, the NARAL chapter Executive Director said they would support Schoemehl if he won the Primary and he ran against either BLUNT or WEBSTER. On Election Day in 1990, Schoemehl announced that he switched from pro-life to pro-choice.

U.S. Senate:

Senator Krt Bond has amassed a war chest of well over one million dollars which has helped to eliminate any serious challengers in 1992, but 15 Democrats have filed to run against Bond. Law professor Merton Bernstein (D), Democrat campaign consultant WILLIAM PEACOCK (D), and GERI ROTHMAN-SEROT, have publicly announced their intentions to enter the Democrat Primary. Also, WES HUMMEL (R) from Machester (outside of St. Louis) has decided to run against Bond in the Republican primary, however, he is not considered a formidable challenge.

The person considered the frontrunner challenger is GERI ROTHMAN-SEROT. Her exhusband, former Lt. Governor KENNY ROTHMAN, ran against JOHN ASHCROFT in 1984. She was elected in 1990 to the county council in St. Louis County. Her election gave the Democrats control of the county council for the first time in many years.

WILLIAM PEACOCK was a former assistant secretary of the Army in the Carter administration who is now a consultant with Cassidy & Co. Unicom, a St. Louis-based communications firm, is assisting the Peacock campaign. Peacock has pledged to "hit Bond with every people issue in the current inventory" and criticizes Bond's low ratings from organizations such as the AFL-CIO, COPE, the League of Conservation Voters, and the National Women's Political Caucus.

MERTON BERNSTEIN is a law professor at Washington University. Bernstein has worked for several Democratic Senators and is very knowledgeable on Social Security and pension issues. He is not accepting PAC money and limits his campaign contributions to \$100 per person. He has hired consultant STEVE MORRISON.

Key Congressional Races

Two top Republicans, House Minority leader JIM TALENT and St. Louis businessman BERT WALKER (cousin of President Bush) will run against each other for the right to challenge first term incumbent JOAN KELLY HORN in Missouri's second district. Horn narrowly defeated incumbent JACK BUECHNER by 48 votes in 1990. Redistricting increased the GOP's chances of defeating Horn as several Republican areas of suburban St. Louis were added to the district. The state party is staying neutral in the primary.

Conservative University of Missouri political science professor RICK HARDY (R) is going to challenge Democrat incumbent HAROLD VOLKMER (D) in the 9th congressional district. Volkmer is perceived to be somewhat vulnerable. Hardy is from Columbia, the most populated area of the district and Volkmer has problems with in his own party. PRESIDENT BUSH visited one of Hardy's political science classes in 1988 on the day before Super Tuesday.

Other Races:

The Gubernatorial primary will leave vacancies for Lt. Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, and State Treasurer. The State Party is working to recruit candidates for these positions.

Republicans filed candidates in all of their targeted legislative races except for one and they are in a position after very favorable redistricting to pick up possibly 5 to 15 seats in the House, and two to three in the Senate.

Redistricting Update

Legislative redistricting was a two-step process in Missouri, as the House plan was passed in mid-September and the Senate plan in early January. Republicans fare relatively well in both plans and stand possibly to gain some seats. The controversial House redistricting plan was approved in September by an 18-member commission that included only one black. The plan needed 13 votes to pass and was approved 14-4. The plan is an amended version of one that drew Democrat ire because it would have pitted many Democrat incumbents against each other. It is now before a panel of federal judges to determine its validity. If it is found invalid, they are back to square one. Congressional redistricting was completed in January.

6/23/92

AP 06-24-92 PM-MO--Presidential Poll Statewide Survey Shows Perot Leads Bush, Clinton In Missouri<

ST. LOUIS (AP) Ross Perot has a narrow edge over President Bush in a prospective battle for Missouri's 11 electoral votes, a statewide poll indicates.

The survey, conducted for the St. Louis Post-Dispatch and radio station KMOX, showed Perot with 27.5 percent and Bush with 23.4 percent. Arkansas Gov. Bill Clinton, the likely Democratic nominee, got 19.9 percent support.

The remainder nearly one-third of the 513 registered voters questioned were undecided or noncommittal. When undecided voters who were leaning toward a candidate are figured in, Perot had 32.2 percent to Bush's 26.9 percent and Clinton's 23.2 percent.

Perot's leads were just slightly above or within the poll's margin for error of plus or minus 4.4 percent. The nine-day telephone survey, conducted by random dialing, was completed Sunday by the Media Research Bureau at the University of Missouri-Columbia.

Nearly 60 percent of the Perot supporters gave their main reason as a desire to shake up the system or a dislike for both Bush and Clinton.

Forty-seven percent of Perot's backers said their choice was mostly a vote against both Bush and Clinton not for Perot. A nearly equal percentage chose Perot primarily out of support for him.

``That's where Perot is coming in,'' said Judith Sylvester, director of the polling bureau. ``He's an alternative. There's no issue (that) people feel he's real outstanding on.''

Bush and Clinton would be in a near dead heat without Perot in the race, with Clinton getting 40 percent and Bush getting 39 percent.

Missouri

Filing Deadline: March 31 Primary Date: Aug. 4

Senate

Incumbent: Kit Bond (R) 1st term (53 percent) Outlook: Likely Republican

Republicans are privately worried that Bond could be a surprise loser this year, but until very recently there wasn't a strong Democratic challenger running against him. And in the meantime, the incumbent has racked up an impressive campaign war chest.

Bond, 53, remains in fairly good shape, but he's undoubtedly haunted by his political past: He served one term as governor from 1972 to 1976 before being ousted by an underwhelming Democrat, "Walkin' Joe" Teasdale. Bond beat Teasdale in a rematch in 1980, then won a tough Senate race against Democrat Harriett Woods in 1986, Democrats are hoping to do this year what they did in 1976 — send Bond home after one term,

St. Louis County Councilwoman Geri Rothman-Serot (D), 48, a late entrant in the race, has quickly become the strongest candidate in the field of Democrats hoping for the nomination to face Bond. She won a high-profile race for the County Council in 1990, raising and spending over \$200,000. Rothman-Serot has political fundraising experience as the ex-wife of former Lt. Gov. Kenneth Rothman (D) and is off to a good start so far in this campaign, having collected over \$100,000.

Also running in the Democratic primary is Washington University Professor Mert Bernstein, 68, who has been running a low-key campaign for over a year but hasn't raised much money or won much support beyond a few labor groups. The other major Democratic candidate in the race is Bill Peacock, 50, a tough-talking Marine who served in the Carter Administration. Neither has held office before.

All three Democratic candidates are from the St. Louis area, and whoever wins the primary will have trouble getting support in Jackson County (Kansas City) as well as in other rural areas.

Meanwhile, Bond is waiting on top of a war chest of at least \$1.5 million. But this could be the sleeper Senate race of 1992.

House

2nd District Incumbent: Joan Kelly Horn (D) 1st term (50 percent) Outlook: Toss Up

Horn, 55, relishes her status as underdog. Ever since she edged out two-term incumbent Rep. Jack Buechner (R) by just 54 votes in 1990, national Republicans have made Horn one of their prime targets.

They were helped out by redistricting, which gave the 2nd district some more GOP territory in St. Louis and St. Charles Counties.

But before Republicans can oust Horn, they have to choose a nominee. The two contenders are George Herbert Walker III, 60, a St. Louis stockbroker and first cousin of President Bush; and state Rep. Jim Talent, 35, the House minority leader. Observers say the race will be tight. Talent has a lot of organizational strength in the district that could be an effective counterweight to Walker's fundraising muscle. Walker calls Talent a career politician and pushes himself as a citizen legislator who supports term limits.

Walker has been a fundraising dynamo,

collecting \$437,590 in the first quarter of 1992, most of it in individual contributions. Talent raised a respectable \$152,686 in the same period. Horn, meanwhile, has been among the top freshman incumbent fundraisers, raking in \$416,990 during the first part of the year. She had \$321,000 cash on hand at the end of March.

Because of the makeup of the district, Horn remains extremely vulnerable, but she's hoping for the unique chance to run against the President's cousin during the current anti-Washington political climate.

6th District Incumbent: Tom Coleman (R) 8th term (52 percent) Outlook: Leans Republican

Veteran GOPer Coleman, the ranking Republican on the Agriculture Committee, had a shockingly close race last year, edging out a challenger he outspent 14-to-one by just 4 percentage points. Democrats are hoping the anti-incumbent tide that started rising in the Show Me State in 1990 will carry Coleman out of office this year.

Coleman, 49, has attracted a couple of potentially strong Democratic challengers and has had to work extra hard at keeping his seat. Already this year, Coleman attracted some mixed press reviews after he sent out a franked mailing to let his constituents know he did not bounce any checks at the House Bank. He argues that "from an economic perspective, Missouri has a three and two count on it, It's no time to send a rookie to the plate."

Foremost among the Democratic contenders is state Sen. Pat Danner, 58. In a late April survey done for her campaign by Cooper & Secrest, Danner held a strong Continued on page 24



Rep. Vin Weber's likely replacement is Republican Cal Ludeman (above), a hog farmer who got 43 percent when he ran for Minnesota governor in 1986.



Retired Air Force Gen. Paul Harvey emerged from a crowded field as the GOP choice to oppose Taylor. He'll hit the incumbent on his Gulf war vote.

85 percent. The incumbent has raised at least \$276,571 this year and reported a \$138,093 cash-on-hand balance before the primary. His war chest will undoubtedly grow to close to \$1 million before the prace is over

race is over.

Staskiewicz is hoping to steal bluecollar Democratic votes away from the
incumbent in ethnic South Omaha, where
he grew up and started his business. But
Hoagland has proven an agile campaigner in his previous two outings, and
Staskiewicz will have his work cut out for

7th District Incumbent: Mel Hancock (R) 2nd term (52 percent) Outlook: Leans Republican

Hancock, 60, is another Missouri House incumbent who found himself with re-election trouble two years ago. His district, which makes up the southwestern portion of the state, has been hit hard economically.

of the state, has been hit hard economically.

Hancock's 1990 challenger, Spring-field attorney Patrick Deaton, is running again this year and is favored to win the Democratic nomination over state Rep. Doug Harpool. Should Deaton, 40, win the nomination, look for a close battle with Hancock, who could ordinarily count on strong Republican support in this overwhelmingly conservative district.



Photo by Laura Patterson
Rep. Joan Kelly Horn, ranked by Roll Call last week as the third most vulnerable incumbent, will face one of two high-powered
Republicans this fall: President Bush's cousin, George Herbert Walker III, or Missouri House Minority Leader Jim Talent.

PAGE SIX

Saturday, June 27, 1992

9:30 AM

Lv. Kansas City Downtown Airport Executive Beechcraft 816/842-8484

AIRCRAFT: US Tobacco Hawker

TAIL NO.: N 24 SB

PILOT: Dave Fontanella CO-PILOT: Frank Desetto

MANIFEST: Senator Dole Walt Riker

> Chris Swonger, UST Sara Lowe, NRSC

10:05 AM

Ar. Springfield, Missouri Regional Airport City Fueling 417/869-1990

MET BY: Randy Kammerdiener

Political Director

Missouri Republican Party

DRIVERS: Senator Dole & Walt Riker:

Randy Kammerdiener ('91 Cadillac)

Chris Swonger & Sara Lowe: Eric Feltner ('92 Oldsmobile)

DRIVE TIME: 20 minutes

10:25 AM

Ar. University Plaza Hotel & Convention Center 333 John Q. Hammond Parkway 417/864-7333

CONTACT: Tony Hammond

Executive Director

Missouri Republican Party

314/636-3146

314/636-3273 (FAX)

10:30 AM- PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH MAJOR DONORS TO 10:50 AM MISSOURI REPUBLICAN PARTY

10:50 AM- Holding Room 10:55 AM

10:55 AM INTRODUCTION OF SENATOR DOLE --SENATOR KIT BOND

PAGE SEVEN

11:00 11:25	7.75		ESS SENATOR DOLE ablican Party Convention		
		CROWD SIZE:	2,500 Delegates and Alternates		
11:30	AM	Lv. Universit	y Plaza Hotel & Convention Center		
11:50	AM	Ar. Springfield Regional Airport City Fueling 417/869-1990			
12:00	PM	Lv. Springfie	eld, Missouri		
		AIRCRAFT: US TAIL NO.: N	Tobacco Hawker 24 SB		
		PILOT: Da CO-PILOT: F1	ve Fontanella rank Desetto		
		Ch	enator Dole alt Riker aris Swonger, UST ara Lowe, NRSC		
3:00	PM	Ar. Washingto National Air Butler Aviati 703/549-8340	ort on		

MET BY: Wilbert Jones

PROCEED TO PRIVATE

SENATOR BOB DOLE
MISSOURI STATE GOP
CONVENTION
JUNE 27, 1992

THANK YOU.

IT'S A PLEASURE TO BE HERE
IN MISSOURI. I'M PROUD TO SAY
THAT ONE OF THE MANY THINGS
KANSANS AND MISSOURIANS
HAVE IN COMMON IS THAT WE

HAVE THE GOOD FORTUNE TO BE REPRESENTED BY TWO REPUBLICANS IN THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

THERE ARE SOME WHO
DIVIDE THE SENATE INTO TWO
CATEGORIES--"SHOW HORSES"
AND "WORK HORSES."
THE SHOW HORSES ARE
THOSE WHO ISSUE A LOT OF

PRESS RELEASES, MAKE A LOT OF NOISE, BUT DON'T DO ALL THAT MUCH.

THE WORK HORSES ARE
THOSE WHO WORK QUIETLY
AND EFFICIENTLY, GETTING
THINGS DONE FOR THEIR STATE
AND THEIR NATION.

NO DOUBT ABOUT IT. JACK
DANFORTH AND KIT BOND ARE

NOT ONLY WORKHORSES, THEY ARE TWO OF THE MOST RESPECTED AND EFFECTIVE MEMBERS OF THE SENATE. AND, SINCE HE'S RUNNING THIS YEAR, LET ME GIVE YOU JUST A FEW SPECIFICS ABOUT KIT AND HIS EFFECTIVENESS. WHEN MISSOURI AND OTHER STATES WERE NOT GETTING

THEIR FAIR SHARE OF FEDERAL HIGHWAY AND BRIDGE MONEY, KIT BOND LED THE EFFORT TO CHANGE THE HIGHWAY BILL. AS A RESULT, MISSOURI WILL GET A 75% INCREASE IN FEDERAL SUPPORT FOR HIGHWAYS...AN INCREASE THAT TRANSLATES INTO MUCH-NEEDED INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADES

AND 135,000 NEW JOBS OVER 6 YEARS FOR MISSOURIANS. WHEN THE 1990 FARM BILL WAS BROUGHT BEFORE THE SENATE AGRICULTURE COMMITTEE, KIT WAS SUCCESSFUL IN GETTING 23 AMENDMENTS IMPORTANT TO MISSOURI PASSED INTO LAW. KIT IS THE FIRST MISSOURIAN IN THREE DECADES TO SERVE ON
THE SENATE AGRICULTURE
COMMITTEE, AND HIS WORK
HAS MADE HIM A LEADER IN THE
SENATE ON ISSUES IMPORTANT
TO RURAL AMERICA.

THE HOT ISSUE THIS YEAR IS
HEALTH CARE, AND KIT HAS
BEEN A LONG-TIME LEADING
PLAYER ON THIS ISSUE AS

WELL. HE IS A MEMBER OF THE **BI-PARTISAN TASK FORCE ON** HEALTH CARE. AND HIS BILL TO REDUCE ADMINISTRATIVE AND PAPERWORK COSTS WITH **ELECTRONIC CLAIMS FILING IS** AT THE CUTTING EDGE OF HEALTH CARE REFORM. I HAVE TO ADMIT THAT THERE'S A SELFISH REASON

WHY I WANT TO SEE KIT RE-**ELECTED. I'VE SERVED AS** MAJORITY LEADER OF THE SENATE, AND I'VE SERVED AS MINORITY LEADER OF THE SENATE. AND THERE'S NO DOUBT WHICH JOB I PREFER...AND WHICH JOB CAN BE OF MORE HELP IN

PRESIDENT BUSH'S SECOND
TERM.

AND LET ME MAKE IT CLEAR THAT I DO BELIEVE THAT PRESIDENT BUSH SHOULD BE AND WILL BE RE-ELECTED. YES, THE POLLS ARE CLOSE NOW. YES, WITH THE ADDITION OF ROSS PEROT, THIS IS GOING TO BE A VERY VOLATILE

CAMPAIGN. AND YES, THE MEDIA HAS BEEN TAKING A LOT OF SHOTS AT THE PRESIDENT. **BUT I THINK THAT WHEN ALL** IS SAID AND DONE ... WHEN ALL THE SHOUTING IS OVER...THAT THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WILL REALIZE THAT THERE WILL BE ONLY ONE TRUE WORLD LEADER ON THE BALLOT...ONE TRUE

STATESMAN TO WHOM THEY WILL ENTRUST THEIR CHILDREN'S FUTURE. AND THAT'S PRESIDENT BUSH. BUT LET ME ALSO BE CLEAR IN SAYING--AS PRESIDENT BUSH HAS SAID IN RECENT WEEKS--THAT IF PRESIDENT BUSH IS TO SUCCEED IN HIS SECOND TERM...IF HE IS TO CHANGE

AMERICA AS HE HAS CHANGED THE WORLD...THEN HE MUST HAVE MORE REPUBLICANS IN THE SENATE AND MORE REPUBLICANS IN THE HOUSE. **GOVERNOR CLINTON AND THE** DEMOCRATS KEEP REPEATING THAT SURE, PRESIDENT BUSH MAY BE A WORLD LEADER...SURE, HE MAY HAVE

BEEN AT THE HELM WHEN THE
BERLIN WALL CAME DOWN, BUT
HE JUST DOESN'T HAVE A
DOMESTIC AGENDA.

THE PROBLEM ISN'T THAT HE
DOESN'T HAVE AN AGENDA, THE
PROBLEM IS HIS AGENDA ISN'T
THE AGENDA OF THE LIBERAL
DEMOCRAT LEADERSHIP IN
CONGRESS.

AS THE SENATE REPUBLICAN LEADER IT'S MY JOB TO **ADVANCE THE PRESIDENT'S** AGENDA...AND LET ME GIVE YOU A LITTLE EXAMPLE OF ALL WE'VE TRIED TO ADVANCE, TOGETHER. **NEARLY 1,200 DAYS AGO, THE** PRESIDENT ASKED FOR LEGISLATION WHICH WOULD **BRING HOPE AND JOBS TO OUR**

INNER-CITIES BY CREATING ENTERPRISE ZONES.

NEARLY 1,200 DAYS AGO, HE
ASKED FOR A CAPITAL GAINS
TAX CUT, WHICH WOULD
CREATE JOBS WHILE
INCREASING INVESTMENTS.

NEARLY 1,200 DAYS AGO, HE
ASKED CONGRESS TO IMPROVE
AMERICA'S COMPETITIVENESS

IN OUR COMPLEX WORLD

MARKET BY MAKING THE

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

TAX CREDIT PERMANENT.

NEARLY 1,100 DAYS AGO, HE
ASKED CONGRESS TO PUT
THEMSELVES IN THE CORNER
OF LAW-ABIDING CITIZENS IN
THE FIGHT AGAINST CRIME. HE
ASKED FOR A TOUGH-

ENFORCEABLE DEATH PENALTY, AND AN END TO THE LEGAL SHENANIGANS BY WHICH CRIMINALS CAN ESCAPE **CONVICTION OR ENDLESSLY** DELAY THEIR SENTENCING. **OVER 800 DAYS AGO, HE ASKED CONGRESS TO PUT THE** DREAM OF HOME OWNERSHIP WITHIN THE REACH OF MORE

FAMILIES BY PROVIDING FOR
PENALTY FREE WITHDRAWAL IF
IRA'S TO FIRST TIME HOME
BUYERS.

OVER 800 DAYS AGO, HE
ASKED CONGRESS TO REFORM
OUR OUTDATED PRODUCT
LIABILITY SYSTEM, WHICH HAS
CREATED A BONANZA FOR
LAWYERS, AND AN EXPENSIVE

OVER A YEAR AGO, HE ASKED
CONGRESS FOR A NEW
NATIONAL ENERGY STRATEGY
TO HELP BREAK OUR
DEPENDENCE ON FOREIGN
SOURCES.

OVER A YEAR AGO, HE SENT
TO CONGRESS WHAT WAS
HAILED BY MANY EXPERTS AS

THE MOST FAR-SIGHTED AND
FAR-REACHING REFORM OF OUR
EDUCATION SYSTEM EVER
PROPOSED.

IN EACH AND EVERY
INSTANCE, THE DEMOCRAT
CONTROLLED CONGRESS HAS
COME UP WITH A BIG ZERO.
FEW OF THE PRESIDENT'S
PROPOSALS WERE EVEN

ALLOWED THE COURTESY OF A
VOTE...MOST WERE JUST
DISPATCHED TO A COMMITTEE
AND WERE NEVER HEARD OF
AGAIN.

THANK GOD THAT WE

MANAGED TO GET JUST

ENOUGH DEMOCRAT VOTES TO

ALLOW PRESIDENT BUSH THE

LEEWAY TO GO AFTER SADDAM

HUSSEIN. AND THANK GOD THE
WAR DIDN'T LAST MUCH
LONGER THAN IT DID, OR A
DOZEN COMMITTEES WOULD
HAVE GEARED UP TO
MICROMANAGE EVERY
DECISION.

MY POINT HERE IS NOT TO SAY THAT THE REPUBLICANS ARE ALWAYS RIGHT OR THE DEMOCRATS ARE ALWAYS
WRONG...WE ALL KNOW THAT'S
NOT TRUE.

BUT WHAT IS TRUE IS THAT
WHETHER THE DEMOCRATS LIKE
IT OR NOT THE PRESIDENT DOES
HAVE AN AGENDA, AND ITS AN
AGENDA THAT MAINSTREAM
AMERICANS WANT.
BILL CLINTON ALSO HAS AN

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AGENDA. LAST WEEK HE REPACKAGED THE TIRED, OLD
DEMOCRATIC ECONOMIC
POLICIES INTO SOMETHING
CALLED "PUTTING PEOPLE
FIRST."

LET NO ONE DOUBT FOR A
MINUTE THAT THIS PLAN REALLY
PUTS TAXES FIRST AND DEFICIT
REDUCTION AND ECONOMIC

GROWTH LAST. **GOVERNOR CLINTON'S** PROPOSAL CALLS FOR \$150 **BILLION IN NEW TAXES AND \$220 BILLION IN NEW SPENDING.** IF MY MATH IS CORRECT, **THAT ADDS ANOTHER \$70** BILLION TO THE DEFICIT. YES, GOVERNOR CLINTON ALSO PROPOSES OFFSETTING

R.T.C."MANAGEMENT REFORM."

AND THEN THERE'S ANOTHER

\$2 BILLION IN "DEBT FINANCING

REFORM."

THESE MIGHT BE MORE
SPECIFIC THAN ANYTHING ROSS
PEROT HAS PROPOSED TO
DATE, BUT THEY'RE NOT
SPECIFIC ENOUGH FOR AN
AMERICAN PEOPLE THAT

KNOWS BETTER. AND, BELIEVE
ME, IF THESE REFORMS WERE
SO SIMPLE, CONGRESS WOULD
HAVE ADOPTED THEM LONG
AGO.

SOME HAVE CALLED WHAT
WE HAVE HAD FOR THE PAST
TWELVE YEARS--THE WHITE
HOUSE CONTROLLED BY ONE
PARTY, AND AT LEAST ONE

HOUSE OF CONGRESS CONTROLLED BY THE OTHER--AS GOVERNMENT BY PARALYSIS." AND THEY'RE NOT FAR OFF THE MARK. I THINK THAT CAN BE SEEN IN THE RASH OF RETIREMENTS THIS YEAR. THERE IS A VERY STRONG FRUSTRATION FACTOR ON CAPITOL HILL.

BUT THE VOTERS HAVE IT IN THEIR POWER TO CHANGE THAT THIS NOVEMBER. THEY CAN EITHER ELECT A DEMOCRAT PRESIDENT AND RETAIN DEMOCRAT CONTROL IN THE HOUSE AND SENATE, OR THEY CAN RE-ELECT PRESIDENT BUSH AND GIVE CONGRESSIONAL CONTROL TO THE REPUBLICANS. POLLSTERS TELL US THAT
THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WANT
CHANGE. WELL KIT BOND IS ALL
ABOUT CHANGE, AND SO, TOO,
ARE CONGRESSMEN BILL
EMERSON, TOM COLEMAN, AND
MEL HANCOCK.

THE FACT IS THAT
REPUBLICANS IN THE SENATE-AND ESPECIALLY IN THE HOUSE

ARE JUST AS FED UP WITH THE STATUS QUO AS ARE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.

AND THE STATUS QUO IS
THAT DEMOCRATS HAVE
CONTROLLED THE HOUSE FOR
THE PAST 37 YEARS--SINCE 1955.
AND THE STATUS QUO IS THAT
THE DEMOCRATS HAVE ALSO
CONTROLLED THE SENATE FOR

31 OF THE PAST 37 YEARS. THEREFORE, IT IS THE DEMOCRATS WHO CONTROL THE AGENDA, WRITE THE RULES, WHO RUN THE BANK AND THE POST OFFICE, WHO HAVE THE **VOTES TO PASS OR DEFEAT ANYTHING THEY WANT, AND** WHO, I BELIEVE, MUST ACCEPT THE LION'S SHARE OF THE

BLAME FOR THE GRIDLOCK ON CAPITOL HILL.

ONE PLACE THERE HASN'T
BEEN GRIDLOCK IS IN MISSOURI.
AND THE REASON FOR THAT IS
THE OUTSTANDING LEADERSHIP
OF YOUR GOVERNOR, JOHN
ASHCROFT.

LET ME SHARE WITH YOU THE FACT THAT HIS REPUTATION

FOR COURAGEOUS FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT...FOR INNOVATIVE LEADERSHIP IN **EDUCATION...AND FOR SUCCESS** IN CREATING A CLIMATE FOR **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT HAS** SPREAD THROUGHOUT THE NATION.

JOHN'S POSITION AS
CHAIRMAN OF THE

PRESIDENTIAL COMMISSION ON
AMERICA'S URBAN FAMILIES
WILL KEEP THIS OUTSTANDING
LEADER IN THE FOREFRONT FOR
SOME TIME TO COME.

I KNOW YOU'VE GOT QUITE A
RACE GOING ON IN THE
REPUBLICAN PRIMARY TO
SUCCEED JOHN...I DON'T KNOW
WHO'S GOING TO WIN, BUT I DO

KNOW THAT THIS PARTY WILL

UNITE AROUND THE CANDIDATE

TO ENSURE CONTINUED

REPUBLICAN LEADERSHIP IN

JEFFERSON CITY.

YOU ABOUT A TRIP I TOOK TO
KANSAS LAST WEEK WITH BORIS
YELTSIN.

YOU KNOW, THE DEMOCRATS

AND THE MEDIA SEEM INTENT
ON CONVINCING US THAT
AMERICA IS IN DECLINE...THAT
THINGS HAVE NEVER BEEN
WORSE...THAT JAPAN AND
EUROPE HAVE REPLACED US AS
SUPER POWERS.

I WISH THOSE SKEPTICS AND NAY-SAYERS HAD BEEN ALONG ON THE JOURNEY PRESIDENT YELTSIN AND I MADE.

AT EVERY STOP, PRESIDENT YELTSIN SPOKE OF AMERICA'S LEADERSHIP...HE SPOKE OF THE POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC FREEDOMS WE HAVE HERE AND HOW THOSE FREEDOMS ARE NOW WITHIN THE GRASP OF THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE. AND NO DOUBT ABOUT IT.

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PRESIDENT YELTSIN WAS RIGHT.

AMERICA IS THE STRONGEST

NATION ON EARTH.

IN 1990, THE VALUE OF THE DOMESTICALLY PRODUCED GOODS AND SERVICES IN THE UNITED STATES WAS \$5.4 TRILLION. THE DOMESTIC PRODUCT OF JAPAN WAS \$2.1 TRILLION. IN FACT, THE

ECONOMIC OUTPUT OF THE UNITED STATES IS GREATER THAN THE COMBINED OUTPUT OF JAPAN, GERMANY, FRANCE, ITALY AND CANADA. **CONSUMER GOODS ARE** MORE ABUNDANT HERE, AND MORE AFFORDABLE. THERE ARE MORE JOB OPPORTUNITIES HERE. THERE IS MORE

FREEDOM HERE. THERE IS MORE INNOVATION HERE--IN THE LAST TWENTY YEARS, **AMERICANS HAVE WON MORE NOBEL PRIZES IN PHYSICS,** CHEMISTRY, AND MEDICINE THAN ALL OF THE OTHER NATIONS IN THE WORLD COMBINED. YES, AMERICA HAS HER

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PROBLEMS---BUT THEY'RE PROBLEMS WE CAN SOLVE **UNDER PRESIDENT BUSH'S** LEADERSHIP AND THAT OF PEOPLE LIKE KIT BOND, JACK DANFORTH, AND JOHN ASHCROFT. THANK YOU.